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The Wainwright Star

PHONE 86 for H. HERBERT — THE DRAYMAN —

VOLUME XIII. NUMBER 31 WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29th, 1921. PRICE $2.00 Per Year in Advance.

STEWART GOVT. WILL SEEK RETURN TO POWER JULY 18

Representation will be increased in the House by three extra seats; Triangle contest likely for Wainwright seat.

Writs were issued last Thursday calling for a provincial election in Alberta to be held on Monday, July 18th with nominations one week earlier, on Monday, July 11th.

This announcement was made by Premier Stewart after full consultation with the other members of the executive council. The official manifesto to the electors of the province was also given out by the premier at a late hour, this outlining the reasons for the holding of an election and the policies upon which the government appeals to the province for support.

Sixty-one provincial constituencies will be involved in the coming election, provision havng been made at the last session of the legislature for five members at large for both Edmonton and Calgary instead of three members each as formerly. Medicine Hat was given two members instead of one The last legislature consisted of 58 members, including two seats for soldiers' representatives at large, these being abolished under the amendments oflast session. Instead of being deferred as in previous elections, the northern constituencies of Peace River and Athabasca will be voted on the same day as the remainder of the province this time.

In this connection the U. F. A. convention to nominate a candidate for Wainwright riding is being called for Thursday July 7th

A general convention is being held in the theatre tomorrow (Thursday afternoon for the nomination of an Independent Farmer Candidate while Major G. Strachan, of Chauvin is expected to carry the Liberal standard to victory.

This will make a three-cornered fight in the Wainwright constituency.

AUTO RACES WILL BE FEATURE OF EDMONTON FAIR

The Edmonton Exhibition opens this year on Saturday, July 9th, with auto races, grand stand performance, midway shows and industrial exhibits. On Monday the live stock judging commences The closing date is set for Friday, July 15th, when auto races will again be the special feature, Auto polo contests will be held every day in front of the grand stand, and horse races are sheduled for Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. A beautiful programme of aerial fireworks has been arranged for each evening of the Exhibition. A change has been made in the Midway shows for this year, the Worthan Shows having been contracted for; this is one of the biggest and best aggregations in the carnival business, and each show is of the best of its character available.

Reduced railway fares have been granted on all railways. For motoring parties, the Exhibition management have set aside a camping ground where tents may be pitched beside the cars; a kitchen with running water and stove is provided for the use of campers, and cots and straw mattresses may be rented if desired; campers may bring their own tents, or rent tents at from $4 to $7.50, the sizes ranging from 8x10 to 14x16 feet square.

Those wishing accommodation in private houses will also be looked after, as Manager Stark is now compiling a list of those with rooms to rent to exhibition visitors. Information regarding any department of the Edmonton Exhibition will be freely and heartily given to any making inquiry of Manager W. J. Stark, Edmonton.

NEW METHODIST MISSION NORTH OF TOWN

By direction of the recent annual Methodist conference the Rev. Oswald Whitford, a student missionary from Alberta college, will commence work this week on what is known as the Buffalo Coulee mission; he will take over for the summer months Gilt Edge Orbindale and Alberta appointments from ministers at present preaching there and adding appointments in school districts where no service is being held.

Somehow or other a woman's figure seems to fit any fashion.

INCREASE IN RATES ON LONG DISTANCE PHONES EFFECTIVE

On Friday June 10, provincial telephone department brought into effect the schelude of increased charges for long distance calls, including the new system of station to-station service, and person-to person calls. Authority for this advance is given in a judgment handed down by the board of public utilities commission.

The increase and re-classification of rates as applied for by the provincial telephone department was considered equitable and by the utilities board, in view of the facts submitted by officials of the telephone department recorded an actual loss of $16,181.00 on toll operations in 1920, and it was estimated the loss would reach $270,285 during the present year unless an advance in rates was allowed. In view of these losses the board decided that an increase in rates was justified notwithstanding the contention at the various hearings that there should be no advance at the present time by reason of the falling prices in the commercial world.

Dealing with the arguments advanced in Edmonton and Calgary by those objecting to the increase that exchange and rural rates should be dealt with at the same time as the toll rates application the boards ruling, that there could not be the discrimination alleged against the latter class of traffic because even under the suggested advance there would be no surplus created in the toll system branch. Under the government system each branch of the department was maintained under separate accounting and it was possible to ascertain definitely what each branch of service cost, and the toll line revenue was not to be utillzed in taking care of other branches.

U. F. W. A. LADIES RETURN THANKS TO ALL

The thanks of the members of the U. F. W. A. are publicly extended to all for donations for the restroom among whom were:—Mrs Hutchinson, baby's chair, Mrs Alexander and Mrs Bean, two chairs, Mrs J. Wilson and Mrs Jackson, two pillows, Mrs Robinson and Mrs Wilson, $25 from barn dance, Mr Valleau, a pure-bred pig, Mr H. L. Hoegh, ice, and Gilt Edge U. F. W. A., $5.00.

PROVINCIAL MARKETS ARE SHOWM IN A WEEKLY REVIEW

We have now made arrange ments,—whereby through the kindness of the proprietors of the Market Examiner published weekly in Calgary, The Star will publish each week a synopsis of ruling market prices on general farm products at the week end preceding our publication date.

(Friday June 24, 1921)

CATTLE

Beef prices held steady to slightly stronger at Calgary this week, with the arrivals light and quality good on some steers. Choice steers, $6.50@$7; good, $5.50@$6.40; medium $4.50@$5.50 choice cows, $5@5.50; good $4.50@5; medium, $4@$4.50; common, $3@$4; canners$1.50@$3. Choice heifers will bring up to $6. Bulls scarce, choice, $3.25@$4; others down to $1.50. Calves a little weaker, with choice $7@$9; common, $3@$6 Stocker and feeder steers lower, with light ones at $3@$4; feeders, $4@$4.75 Stocker heifers, $3@$4; stock cows, $2@$4.

Good packer demand and a light run at Edmonton have kept beef prices steady to higher on some of the medium steers. Choice steers, $6@7; good $5.50@$6; medium, $4.50@$5.25; common, $4@$4.50 Choice cows, $5@$5.50; good, $4.50@$5, medium, $3.50@$4; common and canners, $1.50@$3. Bulls unchanged, $2.50@$3 for best and down to $1 Calves a little higher, with tops $6@$9; common, $4@$5. Commission men advise getting grain finished cattle in before big grass run starts. Stocker and feeder steers not moving rapidly, with feeders up to $4.75, and stockers $3@$4.

HOGS

Keen demand during the week, and prices advanced until Thursday's sales were at $12@$12.50 Those offered today made $12.50. There ha s been a $2 advance on hogs at Edmonton since last Thursday, with yesterdays sales at $11.25@$11.50.

SHEEP

Market quiet and prices lower on lambs; now huoted $8.25@9.25; wethers, $7@$8; fat ewes, $5.50@$7; breeding ewes, $3@$3.50

Sheep prices are also hard to determine at Edmonton owing to light movement. Lambs around $9@10; wethers, $7@$8; ewes, $5.50@$7.

HORSES

Still very slow market. Several loads shipped to work on irrigation ditches in Lethbridge district.

GRAIN

Prices are governed by the daily rumors regarding crop conditions on both sides of the lines; Canadian markets more conservative, but cannot ignore U. S. conditions. Lack of rain reported in some parts of southern Alberta; general condition otherwise very satisfactory. Grasshoppers are being successfully fought and cut worm damage not serious.

PRODUCE

Eggs are advanced again, with $8.00@$8.50 quoted loss off; arrivals light. Creamery butter unchanged locally, cartons still 36c @35c Eastern prices better, and i f they hold situation will be improved. Cream and Milk prices unchanged and suppy generous. Poultry prices lower; fowl 16c@18c; roosters, $13@14c; get non-producers sold before break comes. Potatoes weaker and mixed lots offered country points at $1.00@$1200—

Eggs are quoted higher at Edmonton, with the general price $8; quality fair, considering hot weather; receipts moderate and stocks going into storage. Creamery butter, 31c for cartons and 30c on prints; solids, 29½c. Dairy butter weaker at 12c@15c Cream shipments increasing; prices at stations 23c 20c and 17c 4c over at creameries. Fowl moving more freely and prices slightly lower, with fowl 16c, roosters 12c. There are few broilers coming in, weighing about 1½ pounds, and are going promptly at 35c. Turkeys have been coming in quite freely, and quoted 28c Locals cheese is selling 18c@19c.

HAY

Very quiet, farmers getting $13@$15 for upland; country points, and $21.00@23.00 on timothy; dealers have to add handling charge; no demand.

CHECKING UP THE OVERGRADING AT CREAM STATIONS

Innisfail Pioneer— A local cream agent appeared before W. G. McArthur, J. P., on Wednesday, May 25, to answer to a charge of over-grading cream.

The information was laid by inspector A. N. Macdonald. The foregoing means that this man when taking in sour cream gave the customer a special grade when in reality the grade should have been a lower one, making approximately a difference of three cents less than was paid the customer. The significance of this is that the government is endeavoring to keep up the standard of Alberta butter, and when off cream is accepted as standard by the cream stations it means that Alberta as a butter-making province is losing ground. In this way the cream stations have become the curse of the cream producing business All the cream stations are equally guilty and every time a short-sighted farmer patronizes one of these stations he is cutting his throat.

This week ten stations in Camrose and vicinity and three at Ponoka appeared before the J. P. to answer to this charge. Farmers when will you come out of your trance? Alberta is losing ground every day as a butter-making province and all on account of the pernicious practice of the cream stations of the province, which your patronage keeps in business Moral: Open up your local creameries again—Market Examiner.

WEDDING BELLS

WILLARD—McLEOD

On Thursday, June 16th, at Knox church the marriage of Miss Francis E. Willard to Mr. Minot B. McLeod took place. The bride was attended by Mrs J. G. Willard as matron of honor, and she was given away by her father J. G. Willard The bridegroom was supported by his brother Mr F. McLeod, and the Rev A. Schragg tied the nuptial knot.

It was not only during the war that patients fell in love with their nurses; for the beginning of the romance while culminated in the marriage we are chroni cling was when the bridegroom was a patient in the hospital a couple of years ago, and the bride nursed her future husband all through a dangerous illness. Mr Cupid got in his fancy work and sa w the matter through The happy couple left by car on the same day for their future home in Wainwright. A number of beautiful presents came from the friends and well-wishers of the contracting parties.— Lloydminster Times.

NEWELL—KELLOGG

On June 23rd at the home of Mrs J. C McLeod, the Rev. J. B. Thompson united in the bonds of matrimony Mr Gordon L. Newell of Bloomington Valley and Miss Leela B. Kellogg, daughter of Mr Rodney Kellogg, of Edgerton.

PICNIC DATES

July 6th—Gilt Edge picnic at the schoolhouse at 1.30 p.m.

July 20th—Roman Catholic church picnic at Normandin's Lake at 1.30 p.m.

July 27th—Annual Garden Party at Mrs J. Patterson, Greenshields, from 3 to 9 p.m.

RAILWAY FARES DROP ON JULY 1st

Passenger rates on the railways come down Dominion Day to what they were before the increase authorized by the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners last September.

By the order of. September the passenger rates were raised 20 per cent. The order said, however, that on December 31, 1920 there was to be a reduction so as to make the rates an increase of 10 per cent. instead of 20 per cent.

HIDES

Still very dull and no demand for cow hides, sheep pelts or horse hides. Green hides unchanged. 2c@3c.

BATTLE RIVER RIDING U.F.A. & U.F.W.A. POLITICAL ASSOCIATION HOLD BIG CONVENTION

Big Gathering Nominates Mr. H. E. Spencer, of Edgerton, as Standard Bearer at Next Federal Election

Upwards of 400 farmers and their wives, including some 150 accredited delegates were in attendance at the convention of the Battle River riding U. F. A. and U. F. W. A. political association last week, when Mr R. G. Reid, of Manville, acted as chairman

Mrs Dowler, of Veteran, vicepres of the U. F. W. A. was on the platform with several of the executive.

Getting down to business in short order, the gathering was soon busy on a number of resolutions and these were dealt with as shown.

A resolution that the membership fee be reduced from $1.00 to 50c per member was eventually lost.

Mr Woods of Riverton local said that lots of members were unable to meet demands made upon them and he wanted every chance given for people to join, while Mr Bell also thought it better to have full representation at half the price.

It was pointed out by the chairman that there were as yet none too many speakers for educational purposes for the association as funds were low, and Mr Garnean was opposed to reduction; stating that men who would not pay $1.00 were of little use to the organisation.

A motion requiring all resolutions to be presented thirty days before the convention was eventually carried after having been tabled for reconsideration.

The Broken Hill local presented a resolution which required the association's nominee to be pledged to the group system of government, although it was laid over until after the address on the subject by the president it was carried with only one dissentient vote when put to the meeting later.

A resolution from Rosyth local to change the convention date from June to October was fully discussed but the vote on same proved unfavorable.

The matter of working for the erection of a chilled meat plant was shown to be still under consideration by the executive and the resolution theron was consequently tabled.

A resolution from Dry Crossing local demanding that members pledge themselves to support all action undertaken was lost, it being shown that this was more a matter for the locals themselves.

The stockyards problem was brought up in a resolution from Moyerton local calling for flooring etc at these places and after having been re-drafted it was carried unanimously as applying to all stockyards on all railroads.

It was finally carried that a resolution asking a government revision of medical and legal fees, be tabled.

A very long discussion took place with regard to the taxing all lands which were bounded by phone lines for telephone purposes and the matter having being very thoroughly threshed out the resolution to this end was carried.

The fact that the Grain Growers Guide (the official organ of the association) was not providing satisfactory market reports was the subject of a resolution and after a complete re-draft it was unanimously carried as follows: "That the provincial government be asked to supply daily market reports from the worlds leading markets by phone, with foreign quotations in dollars and cents, and that the plan in use by present Manitoba government to recommended.

This was also carried by unanimous vote.

(In this connection The Star has made arangements to publish the latest authentic prices of farm produce each week, as will be noticed elsewhere in this issue.)

An address was delivered at the evening session to a crowded audience by Mr W. R. Owens, of Edmonton, on "Money and the Banking system" which was listened to with great attention and vocal solos by Mrs A. L. Hudson and Mrs G. Stewart were vociferously encored.

A dance and special picture show concluded the first days session.

At the morning session on Thursday Mrs M. L. Sears, of Nanton, provincial president of the U. F. W. A. gave an instructive talk on the aims and objects of the women's branch of the organisation, after which the election of officers for the ensuing year took place as follows, all being returned by acclamation:—

President—R. G. Reid, Scottown.

1st Vice—Mrs Dowler, Veteran.

2nd Vice—W. Farquaharson, Eye Hill.

Directors— Messrs Stewart, Clark, Tucker, Aiken and Glazer.

(Continued on inside Page)

BIG IRRIGATION PROJECT FOR CENTRAL ALBERTA

Doing the preliminary work on the North Saskatchewan Irrigation Project, 35 Dominion government engineering parties are now working between Red Deer and Wainwright. The work will take several years to omplete, involving as it does several engineering problems of no small calibre. These include:

1. Damming the North Saskatchewan river near Rocky Mountain House, and backing some of its waters through the Clearwater thence by tributary streams into the Red Deer river.

3 Making a canal north past Lacombe and on to Buffalo Lake, raising the water there 10 feet, and using it as a reservior for the irrigation district is the eastern part of Alberta and the western part of Saskatchewan.

The building of the dam, it is said, will require the labor of 500 men for a period of perhaps five years.

The construction of this dam will make a big hydro-electric plant feastible.

It takes patience and perseverence to train a child to say, 'No thank you' while itching to grab with both hands.

RESULTS OF RECENT PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMS GRADES V. VI & VII.

The following candidates were successful in the recent Grade V, VI., VII., examinations held in the town school. Figures are average percentage of all marks obtained:—

GRADE V.

Helen Clipston, 93; Grace Welch, 92; Mason Steel, 92; Beatrice Izzard, 90; Vera Stuart 87; Derwood Brown, 87; Kathleen Clute, 86; Harry Laird, 85; Vernon Cofield, 85; Jean Rosholt, 84; Leslie Milner, 83 Jack Taylor, 82; Ada Wiley, 82; Marion Haynes, 82; Maud Barton 81; Esther Thompson, 80; Audrey McLeod, 79; Wainwright Forster 78; Julia Gordon, 78; Lucille Dupre, 77; Ada Renville, 77; Annie Watson, 75 Eddie Neidrick 74; Gladys Haynes,73; Willie Lilly, 71; Frank McLean, 67; Edward Springer, 66; Lucille Jones, 66; Sangho Hong, 63.

GRADE VI.

Lillian Bloom, 87; Ivy Lilly, 87; May Fish, 84; Allen Spence, 78; Kathleen Hart, 76; Philip Wilkins 68; Deward Lake, 66; Lilus Boyd, 65; Richard Prosser, 63; Jessie Sutherland, 62; Evelyn Wakefield 56 Mary Monahan, 55.

Conditioned—Lee Mabey 54; Jack Carroll, 52.

GRADE VII.

Gun Hall, 88; Bessie Welch, 86; Gordon Kenny, 85; Gertrude Olson, 85; Gertrude Springer 84; Vera Walton, 82; Vera Hodgkiss 81; Jack McLeod, 81; Pauline Springer, 72; Vannie Stinert, 67; Jack Alderman, 62; Edward Gehring, 60.

Conditioned—Royce Phillips, 46.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE HOLD REGULAR MEETING

The regular meeting of the W. I. was held at the home of Mrs Middlemass on Saturday June 11, when 10 members answered the roll. Mrs W. Yeager and Mrs Eva Turner were elected delegates to represent this Institute at the Edmonton Convention June 27th to July 2nd.. The usual business was transacted after which Mrs Turner and Mrs Lasell served a dainty lunch which was enjoyed by all.

"BLIND YOUTH" IS LOU TELLEGEN'S LATEST SUCCESS

There are good women and the "other" kind. In "Blind Youth," a national picture which comes to the Elite theatre next Monday-Tuesday and Wednesday, one of the other kind, has the wife of the hero, Maurie Monnier, at her mercy.

As the situation stood, the other kind of woman was married to the artist in his wild student days. She then left him for another, but reappeared when and where she was least expected—in New York just as the hero, having found true love at last, was planning to ask another to be his wife.

It was then that the complications commenced—and they were plentiful. A jealous, selfish brother and a society-loving mother did their best to keep the pot of trouble boiling. In the end—well, virtue has a way of triumphing finally.

From the drawing rooms of Fifth Avenue an d the studios of Greenwich Village to the ateliers of Paris and the garrets of Montmarte—so the characters of the story travel.

"Blind Youth" was adapted from the stage success of the same name, written by Lou Tellegen and Willard Mack. It was directed by Ted Sloman, and a highly capable cast, headed by Walter McGrail and Leatrice Joy portrayed the various roles.

As long as he himself does not suffer it seems hard to convince a man that his mistake is serious.

Some folks look with suspicion upon some men merely because they are so particular about attending church.

LORD BYNG OF VIMY IS CANADA'S NEXT GOVERNOR GENERAL.

Official announcement has been made in London, of the appointment of Lord Byng of Vimy hero of Vimy Ridge, as governor-general of Canada to succeed the Duke of Devonshire. Lord Byng, then Sir Julian Byng, commanded the 3rd Cavary Corps, 9th Army Corps, 17th Army Corp and the Canadian Corps on the French front. It was he who directed the famous "battle of the tanks" at Cambrai, and it was under him that the Canadians captured Vimy Ridge. He founded the United Services Fund and retired from the army to direct it in the interest of ex-service men. Lord Byng, who was born September 11, 1862, is the seventh son of the second Earl of Strafford.

Oh, Money! Money!

— BY —

ELEANOR H. PORTER

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CHAPTER I.

Exit Mr. Stanley G. Fulton.

There was a thoughtful frown on the face of the man who was the possessor of twenty million dollars. He was a tall, spare man, with a fringe of reddish-brown hair encircling a bald spot. His blue eyes, fixed just now in a steady gaze upon a row of ponderous law books across the room, were friendly and benevolent in direct contradiction to the bulldog, never-let-go fighting qualities of the square jaw below the firm, rather thin lips.

The lawyer, a youthfully alert man of sixty years, trimly gray as to garb, hair, and moustache, sat idly watching him, yet with eyes that looked so intently that they seemed to listen.

For fully five minutes the two men had been pulling at their cigars in silence when the millionaire spoke.

"Ned, what am I going to do with my money?"

Into the lawyer's listening eyes flashed, for a moment, the keenly scrutinizing glance usually reserved for the witness on the other side. Then quietly came the answer.

"Spend it yourself, I hope—for some years to come, Stanley."

Mr. Stanley G. Fulton was guilty of a shrug and an uplifted eyebrow.

"Thanks. Very pretty, and I appreciate it, of course. But I can't wear but one suit of clothes at a time, nor eat but one dinner—which, by the way, just now consists of somebody's health biscuit and hot water. Twenty millions don't really what you might call melt away at that rate."

The lawyer frowned.

"Shucks, Fulton!" he expostulated, with an irritable twist of his hand. "I thought better of you than that. This poor rich man's 'one-suit, one-dinner, one-bed-at-a-time' hard-luck story doesn't suit your style. Better cut it out!"

"All right. Cut it is." The man smiled good-humoredly. "But you see I was nettled. You didn't get me at all. I asked you what was to become of my money after I'd done spending it myself—the little that is left, of course."

Once more the lawyer's eyes flashed that keenly scrutinizing glance.

"What was it, Fulton? A midnight rabbit, or a wedge of mince pie not like mother used to make? Why, man alive, you're barely over fifty, yet. Cheer up! It's only a little matter of indigestion. There are a lot of good days and good dinners coming to you, yet."

The millionaire made wry face.

"Very likely—if I survive the biscuits. But, seriously, Ned, I'm in earnest. No, I don't think I'm going to die—yet awhile. But I ran across young Bixby last night—got him home, in fact. Delivered him to his white-faced little wife. Talk about your maudlin idiots!"

"Yes, I know. Too bad, too bad!"

"Hm-m; well, that's what one million did—inherited. It set me to thinking—of mine, when I get through with them."

"I see." The lawyer's lips came together a little grimly. "You've not made your will, I believe."

"No. Dreaded it, somehow. Funny how a man'll fight shy of a little thing like that, isn't it? And when we're so mighty particular where it goes while we're living!"

"Yes, I know; you're not the only one. You have relatives—somewhere, I surmise."

"Nothing nearer than cousins, third or fourth, back East. They'd get it, I suppose—without a will."

"Why don't you marry?"

The millionaire repeated the wry face of a moment before.

"I'm not a marrying man. I never did care much for women, and—I'm not fool enough to think that a woman would be apt to fall in love with my bald head. Nor am I obliging enough to care to hand the millions over to the woman that falls in love with them, taking me along as the necessary sack that holds the gold. If it comes to that, I'd rather risk the cousins. They, at least, are of my own blood, and they didn't angle to get the money."

"You know them?"

"Never saw 'em."

"Why not pick out a bunch of colleges and endow them?"

The millionaire shook his head.

"Doesn't appeal to me, somehow. Oh, of course it ought to, but—it just doesn't. That's all. Maybe if I was a college man myself; but—well, I had to dig for what education I got."

"Very well—charities, then. There are numberless organizations that—"

He stopped abruptly at the other's uplifted hand.

"Organizations! Good Heavens, I should think there were! I tried 'em once. I got that philanthropic bee in my bonnet, and I gave thousands, tens of thousands to 'em. Then I got to wondering where the money went."

Unexpectedly the lawyer chuckled. "You never did like to invest without investigating, Fulton," he observed.

With only a shrug for an answer the other plunged on.

"Now, understand. I'm not saying that organized charity isn't all right, and doesn't do good, of course. Neither am I prepared to propose anything to take its place. And maybe the two or three I dealt with were particularly addicted to the sort of thing I objected to. But, honestly, Ned, if you'd lost heart and friends and money, and were just ready to chuck the whole shooting-match, how would you like to become a 'Case,' say, number twenty-three thousand seven hundred and forty-one, ticketed and docketed, and duly apportioned off to a six-by-nine rule of 'do this' and 'do that,' while a dozen spectacled eyes watched you being cleaned up and regulated and wound up with a key made of just so much and no more pats and preachments carefully weighed and labeled? How would you like it?"

The lawyer laughed.

"I know; but, my dear fellow, what would you have? Surely, unorganized charity and promiscuous giving is worse—"

"Oh, yes, I've tried that way, too," shrugged the other. "There was a time when every Tom, Dick, and Harry, with a run-down shoe and a ragged coat, could count on me for a ten-spot by just holding out his hand, no questions asked. Then a serious-eyed little woman sternly told me one day that the indiscriminate charity of a millionaire was not only a curse to any community, but a corruption to the whole state. I believe she kindly included the nation, as well, bless her! And I thought I was doing good!"

"What a blow—to you!" There was a whimsical smile in the lawyer's eyes.

"It was." The millionaire was not smiling. "But she was right. It set me to thinking, and I began to follow up those ten-spots—the ones that I could trace. Jove! what a mess I'd made of it! Oh, some of them were all right, of course, and I made those fifties on the spot. But the others—I tell you, Ned, money that isn't earned is the most risky thing in the world. If I'd left half those wretches alone, they'd have braced up and helped themselves, maybe. As it was—Well, you never can tell as to the results of a so-called 'good' action. From my experience I should say they are every whit as dangerous as the bad ones."

The lawyer laughed outright.

"But, my dear fellow, that's just where the organized charity comes in. Don't you see?"

"Oh, yes, I know—Case number twenty-three thousand seven hundred and forty-one! And that's all right, of course. Relief of some sort is absolutely necessary. But I'd like to see a little warm sympathy injected into it, some way. Give the machine a heart, say, as well as hands and a head."

"Then why don't you try it yourself?"

"Not I!" His gesture of dissent was emphatic. "I have tried it, in a way, and failed. That's why I'd like someone else to tackle the job. And that brings me right back to my original question. I'm wondering what my money will do, when I'm done with it. I'd like to have one of my own kin have it—if I was sure of him. Money is a queer proposition, Ned, and it's capable of—most anything."

"It is. You're right."

"What can I do with it, and what someone else can do with it, are two quite different matters. I don't consider my efforts to circulate it wisely, or even harmlessly, exactly what you'd call a bowling success. Whatever I've done, I've always been criticized for not doing something else. If I give a costly entertainment, I was accused of showy ostentation. If I didn't give it, I was accused of not putting money into honest circulation. If I donated to a church, it was called conscience money; and if I didn't donate to it, they said I was mean and miserly. So much for what I've done. I was just wondering—what the other fellow'd do with it."

"Why worry? 'T won't be your fault."

"But it will—if I give it to him. Great Scott, Ned! Think what money does for folks, sometimes—folks that aren't used to it! Look at Bixby; and look at that poor little Marvin girl, throwing herself away on that worthless scamp of a Gowing who's only after her money, as everybody (but herself) knows! And if it doesn't make knaves and martyrs of them, ten to one it does make fools of 'em. They're worse than a kid with a dollar on circus day; and they use just about as much sense spending their pile, too. You should have heard me tell about his gals in the eighties that struck it rich in the gold mines. One bought up every grocery store in town and instituted a huge free grab-bag for the populace; and another dropped his hundred thousand in the dice box before it was a week old. I wonder what those cousins of mine back East are like!"

"If you're fearful, better take Case number twenty-three thousand seven hundred and forty-one," smiled the lawyer.

"Hm-m; I suppose so," ejaculated the other grimly, getting to his feet. "Well, I must be off. It's biscuit time, I see."

A moment later the door of the lawyer's sumptuously appointed office closed behind him. Not twenty-four hours afterward, however, it opened to admit him again. He was alert, eager-eyed and smiling. He looked ten years younger. Even the office boy who ushered him in cocked a curious eye at him.

The man at the great flat-topped desk gave a surprised ejaculation.

"Hello, Fulton! Those biscuits must be agreeing with you," he laughed. "Mind telling me their name?"

"Ned, I've got a scheme. I think I can carry it out." Mr. Stanley G. Fulton strode across the room and dropped himself into the waiting chair. "Remember those cousins back East? Well, I'm going to find out which of 'em I want for my heir."

"Another case of investigating before investing, eh?"

"Exactly."

"Well, that's like you. What is it, a little detective work? Going to get acquainted with them, I suppose, and see how they treat you. Then you can size them up as to hearts and habits, and drop the golden plum into the lap of the worthy man, eh?"

"Yes, and no. But not the way you say. I'm going to give 'em say fifty or a hundred thousand apiece, and—"

"Give it to them—now?"

"Sure! How in I going to know how they'll spend money till they have it to spend?"

"I know; but—"

"Oh, I've planned all that. Don't worry. Of course you'll have to fix it up for me. I shall leave instructions with you, and when the time comes all you have to do is to carry them out."

The lawyer came erect in his chair. "Leave instructions! But you, yourself—?"

"Oh, I'm going to be there, in Hillerton."

"There? Hillerton?"

"Yes, where the cousins live, you know. Of course I want to see how it works."

"Humph! I suppose you think you'll find out—with you watching their every move!" The lawyer had settled back in his chair, an ironical smile on his lips.

"Oh, they won't know me, of course, except as John Smith."

"John Smith!" The lawyer was sitting erect again.

"Yes. I'm going to take that name—for a time."

"Nonsense, Fulton! Have you lost your senses?"

(To be continued)

Splendid War Work Of Dover Patrol

In Two Years They Swept Up 1,200 German Mines.

Speaking in London, at the annual public meeting held in connection with the Royal National Mission to Deep Sea Fishermen, Sir Reginald Bacon, who presided, alluded to the magnificent work done by the Dover Patrol, of which he was in command, during the war. He had over 200 drifters and trawlers under his command, and their services were invaluable. The trawlers and mine-sweepers, he said, swept up, from 1915 to the end of 1917, over 1,200 German mines, they swept a total distance equal to twelve times round the earth, and 100,000 merchant vessels passed the Narrows during those years, and only one twenty-fifth of one per cent. were lost through the German mines.

The drifters shot their explosive nets up the Belgian coast, and during 1916 and 1917 they laid a barrage of nets along the whole length of that coast off Zeebrugge and Ostend. Considering that these men had lived outside the strict discipline of a fighting service, their discipline and conduct were remarkably good. They were not angels—they were the first to acknowledge that themselves—but they were men, and they were seamen, literally men of the sea, with tough bodies and stout hearts, which was what was wanted in war.

All the World's a School

Great Similarity Between School Life and Community Life.

In some manner the school may be considered as not greatly different from the community in which grown-ups hold sway. In his school-group the pupil plays soewhat the same part which he will eventually be asked to play in the larger community outside the school. Whenever he refrains from an act which, if it were committed, would make difficult the carrying on of the work of the school he is of help to his fellow-citizen in school; and whenever in a more constructive manner he does something which will make the work of the school more effective, he has qualified in the capacity in which he will be known later on as a public-spirited citizen.—Detroit News.

Too Old.

Mr. Baggs.—I hear you have got engaged to my son, Miss Smythe. I think you might have seen me first.

His Stenographer.—I did, but I preferred Harold!

This Razor Means Shaving Comfort At Minimum Cost

The patented self-stropping feature of the

Valet Auto-Strop Razor

reduces the cost of blades. You can use the blade six weeks, because it has been stropped and its keenness renewed.

Every shave is as comfortable as it is possible to make it.

Razor, strop and 12 blades in assortment of cases, $5.00 the set. Fancy sets up to $16.50.

VALET Auto-Strop Razor —sharpens itself



Auto Strop Safety Razor Co., Limited, TORONTO.

Exploring The North Country

American Company Tapping Mineral Country in McKenzie Basin.

A new scheme for the "tapping" of the northern mineral country has been evolved by an American syndicate known as the Mackenzie Basin Exploration and Exploitation Company of Boise, Idaho. A representative of the company at Edmonton has arranged for the sending of independent prospectors into districts with which they are familiar. In this way the new company expect to get first-hand information regarding the hidden wealth of the north country. The organizers of the concern are old-time prospectors. The prospectors will not indulge in any "fancy frills" and will not be burdened with a quantity of useless wear. They will travel alone, with canoes or packs and are outfitted with just what is necessary to carry them through.

The general idea, insofar as the present year is concerned, is to explore and obtain data, but development work is expected to commence next year, if some of the prospects "pan out" as they are expected to do.

A Woman Farmer's Success

Started Nineteen Years Ago With Only Seventeen Dollars.

Mrs. Mary J. Blackburn, who has just purchased 160 acres of land close to Hardisty, Alberta, says "Western Canada can't be beat."

She has been farming in this locality for the past nineteen years, leaving Eastern Canada and taking up a homestead in 1902. She started with $17 in cash and a few head of livestock; two heifers, a pure-bred bull and some calves. She lived in a tent the first summer and rented a sod shack for the winter. Ten years later she had increased her herd to 59 head of Holstein dairy cattle and had raised as high as 110 bushels of oats to the acre, while up-to-date buildings had taken the place of the sod shack, the house and barn each costing more than $1,600. These are complete with cement basement, milk house and cellars.

Continuing her story, she says, "I have been all alone since 1909 and have milked my cows, raised my calves, cut hay and stacked it, by myself. If a woman can start up here on the bare prairie as I did, with nothing and make good, what might I have done with a little money. I just wish you would drop in and see what I have done by myself. What might a man who tries not do with a few hundred dollars?"

Fountain Pen Points Are Valuable

Metal Used For Tipping Worth $200 An Ounce.

An interesting history attaches to a small packet about 2½ inches square, which recently arrived in London. It weighed 3½ lbs. and was eagerly bought by an American firm for $6,000. The packet contained osmiridium (osmium and its alloy iridium) used for the tipping of fountain pen points and for delicate bearings of fine machinery.

The discovery of osmiridium, which is a member of the platinum group of metals, constitutes an interesting piece of modern romance. Towards the end of last year a small group of prospectors were washing for gold in one of the river beds in Paqua, British New Guinea. In their eagerness to find the precious metal they threw away from their pans a bluish-grey flaky substance as worthless. This was osmiridium, but the men did not know it, and it is eight times more valuable than gold and worth at the present tie about $200 an ounce.

Osmiridium is one of the hardest metals known, and prospectors are eagerly searching for it in Paqua.

Origins Of Toasts.

Originally, when the ancient Greeks or Romans were at a feast, the custom was to bow before the statue of Bacchus, the god of wine, exclaiming, "Be propitious, O Bacchus!" and pour a little wine on the ground. This was also done to other gods. Emperors being deified, this honor was paid to them. Then wealthy people and beautiful women were thus toasted, and the habit of toasting was established and later people decided to drink the liquor instead of wasting it.

Building Brisk in Saskatchewan.

Building permits issued in Moose Jaw, Regina and Saskatoon, from the first of the year to the end of May totalled in value $196,825, $473,515 and $83,010 respectively.

Our slogan for the coming year should be, "Buy at Home." Add to your own and your neighbor's prosperity by keeping the money circulating in our own district.

The Age of Ability.

Much of the important work of the world, in every field, is done by persons beyong 65. Why should not a man or woman fill a subordinate position at an age which does not incapacitate the head of a department, or the head of a great enterprise?—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Read the opening chapter of our new serial story, "Oh, Money! Money!" appearing on this page.

Parcel Post Rates Advance

Following New Schedule Has Gone Into Force.

An increase amounting to one cent on every pound after the first pound in the parcel post rates in Saskatchewan, has gone into force. The new schedule of rates are effective now.

Rates on any parcel addressed to any post office within 20 miles of the point of mailing, will be as follows: 1 lb., 5c; 2 lbs., 6c; 3 lbs., 7c; 4 lbs., 8c; 5 lbs., 10c; 6 lbs., 12c; 7 lbs., 14c; 8 lbs., 16c; 9 lbs., 18c; 10 lbs., 20c; 11 lbs., 22c. This rate also obtains in cases where the 20-mile area extends into an adjacent province.

Rates on parcels mailed to any post office beyond the 20-mile limit, but within the province of Saskatchewan, will be as follows: 10 cents for 1 pound and 5 cents for each additional pound. For parcels addressed to any post office in Manitoba or Alberta, rates will be 10 cents for the first pound and 7 cents for each additional pound; any post office in Ontario or British Columbia, 12 cents for the first pound, and 9 cents for each additional pound; any post office in Quebec or the Yukon, 12 cents for the first pound, and 12 cents for each additional pound up to three pounds, and 11 cents for each additional pound above three pounds; any post office in the maritime provinces, 12 cents for the first pound and 12 cents for each additional pound.

Of Interest To Tourists

Do Not Require Passports As a Condition of Entry From U.S. to Canada.

The Canadian Pacific Railway announce they have received the following notice which has been recently issued by the Department of Immigration and Colonization of the Dominion Government, which will be of special interest to tourists travelling between United States and Canada:

"Canada welcomes bona fide tourists and will extend every courtesy possible to such travellers in entering and leaving the Dominion. Tourists do not require passports as a condition of entry to Canada from the United States or as a condition of leaving Canada for the United States. Immigrants (i.e., persons coming to Canada to work or reside) are debarred if nationals of Germany, Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria or Turkey, but nationals of any of the countries mentioned are not debarred when belonging to a non-immigrant class such as tourists and travellers."

Growing Demand For Alberta Fish

Large Consignments Being Made to U.S. Western Cities.

Commercial whitefish catching on the lakes of Central Alberta is now in full swing. The fish is being brought into Edmonton in considerable quantities and forwarded from there to the cities and towns in the prairie provinces of Canada, to parts of the United States and even to the Pacific coast.

There is a strong local market for this fish and a growing demand for Alberta whitefish in the towns south of the line is reported. Large consignments are being made to Chicago and other cities in the middle West, where the people are apparently showing a liking to it.

It is well known that in addition to the lakes of Central and Northern Alberta, from which thousands of tons of the most delectable fish are taken annually, that there are hundreds of other lakes north of the provincial boundary whose supply of whitefish is practically inexhaustible.

All In.

"I hear that Crimson Gulch's big gaming resort has been closed."

"Yes," replied Three-Fingered Sam. "The police got busy at last!"

"Twern't the police. Cactus Joe had a winning streak."

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample Box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

The "Sacred Way."

In memory of obscure soldiers of all nations and races who died in the Great War in defence of right and liberty, a memorial is proposed, a roadway in France, to be known as "The Sacred Way." The Sacred Way" is a long and picturesque route, starting at Bar-le-Duc and ending at Verdun. This way is regarded as the route that gave victory, the only one which remained free and by which the Verdun front was kept supplied with food, guns and munitions.

The Wisdom of Law.

The Supreme Court of Maine has just decided that where the dining room of a hotel is infested with flies, a guest is justified in refusing to remain at the hotel and justified in refusing to pay the board for which he has contracted. The opinion holds that the house fly is the most repulsive and dangerous of insects and distributes the germs of almost every deadly form of contagion.—Boston Journal.

Corn Borer Found In Canada and U. S.

European Pest Will Rapidly Increase If Not Checked.

The entomological branch of the Department of Agriculture has issued a warning to all farmers that the European corn borer, a comparatively new and exceedingly destructive pest, has been found in eastern districts of the United States and in parts of Ontario. The department says that unless this pest is checked, it will rapidly increase and cause great damage to crops. The warning circular is headed in red letters and is illustrated in order that agriculturists may identify the pest.

The patriotic man is loyal to his country and to the community in which he lives. If he is consistent he will give first preference to Canadian made goods when making purchases. He will also stand loyally by his local dealer.

You Can Prevent 40 % Annual Depreciation in Your Car, Truck or Tractor

by using a lubricant that will stop friction which is the great foe to gear life. Go into any repair shop and see the number of cars being overhauled because some owners think that all lubricants are equally good. Repair men will tell you that half of their business results from imperfect lubrication.



Whitmore's Gear Compositions are not affected by changes of temperature. They are actively fluid in the colder weather, and in extreme heat and at high speeds they constantly preserve an indestructable film on the bearings, preventing contact of metal to metal.

WHITMORE'S do not evaporate under extreme heat, the level is not reduced. Run it through a strainer and put it back in your car, truck or tractor. You can use it over and over again. One installation will last eighteen to twenty-four months where there is no leakage. Considered on a mileage basis no lubricant is so economical as Whitmore's.

OTHER LUBRICANTS MAY COST LESS PER POUND—THEY COST MORE PER MILE. Don't ask for a grease—ask for Whitmore's Auto Gear Protective Composition, manufactured by The Whitmore Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Canadian Automotive Sales Company

Canadian Selling Agents

Toronto	Winnipeg	Regina	Montreal
Winnipeg Address— 175 McDermot Ave. East. Telephone 4607a.			Regina Address— 1410 Scarth St. North. Telephone 3927.

A TIP TOP VACATION TRIP TO

Vancouver - Victoria - Seattle

AND OTHER PACIFIC COAST POINTS

Summer Tourist Fares

On Sale Daily to September 30, 1921.— Final Return Limit, October 31, 1921.
Optional Routes—Stop-Overs Allowed

ENJOY THE GRANDEUR OF THE

CANADIAN PACIFIC ROCKIES

Stop at BANFF, LAKE LOUISE, GLACIER, SICAMOUS

THREE TRANSCONTINENTAL TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY, INCLUDING THE "TRANS-CANADA LIMITED" --- A Time-Saver
EXCLUSIVE SLEEPING CAR TRAIN

For full information, call or write to-day any agent of the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM — BRIGHT'S DISEASE — BACKACHE — DIABETES
4087 THE PROPRIETORS

Use MURINE FOR EYES Irritated by Sun Wind Dust and Cinders
RECOMMENDED AND SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND OPTICIANS
WRITE FOR FREE EYE BOOK. MURINE CO. CHICAGO

Mrs. Doyle Forced To Live Entirely On Bread And Milk She Declares

"I think it is enough to make anyone happy to enjoy the splendid health I do now," said Mrs. John Doyle, 123 John St., North, Hamilton, Ont.

"Last winter I had the 'flu' and, as I had been in a badly rundown condition for several years, it just seemed to wreck my whole system. All through the winter I was down in bed half the time and instead of getting better, I seemed to get worse. My stomach was so badly upset that I had to live entirely on bread and milk. If I ventured to eat anything else at all I would simply suffer agony.

"I would have terrible pains in my stomach and would bloat up so bad that I often felt as if I was suffocating. My nerves were worn to a frazzle and I had frequent headaches. I went to bed tired, got up feeling tired and all through the day hardly had the strength to do a thing.

"But I'm so glad I tried Tanlac, because my suffering is all over now. I just feel splendid, eat whatever I wish and never have a touch of indigestion. My nerves are steady and I am free from headaches. I sleep perfectly sound and just feel so much stronger that the housework seems easier than ever. My daughter has taken Tanlac since it restored my health and it has helped her just like it did me. Tanlac has certainly been a blessing in our home."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

Submarine Sunk In Sixteen Minutes

U.S. Demonstrating Efficiency of Airplane Against Modern War Craft.

Within 16 minutes after the first division of naval seaplanes attacked the former German submarine U-117, the submersible was resting on the bottom of the Atlantic, 50 miles from the Virginian Capes. A direct hit with a 136 pound bomb did the work. Only three naval planes had a chance to attack. This ended the first of the tests arranged by the United States Government to demonstrate the efficiency of the aeroplane against modern war craft.

What a glorious world this would be if the icenian would only deliver opportunity at the door.

Mothers can easily know when their children are troubled with worms, and they lose no time in applying a reliable remedy—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

A homing pigeon under average conditions travels about 40 miles an hour.

Of Some Use.

Short skirts are coming in for much condemnation at church conferences, but it has remained for Chicago to report that short skirts have caused a much smaller street accident record among women and a much larger one among men. There is a "Safety First" argument that seems to have been neglected in the denunciations.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

Nation-wide Fame. — There is scarcely a corner of this great Dominion where the merits of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil have not been tried and proved. It is one of the world's most efficient remedies for sore throat, lame back and many other ailments arising from inflammation. Rubbed on the skin its healing power is readily absorbed, and it can also be taken internally.

New Road for Peace River.

An agreement has been concluded with the Canadian Pacific Railway, by which that company will construct and operate the Central Canada Railway extension across the Peace River into the Waterhole district. When completed the new road will form part of the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia Railway.



Saves Mother Work & Father Money

CLARK'S Corned Beef

A good nourishing food, ready to serve and inexpensive. Try it cold or hot in slices and serve with fried eggs instead of ham.
No bone, no gristle, no waste and every can with the Government guarantee of purity.
Clark's Good Things are made from Canadian Farm Produce and sold everywhere in Canada.

5-6-21

FREE

1000 WATCHES ABSOLUTELY FREE

Why pay $50.00 for a solid gold watch? when you can obtain a watch free, that will equal for time any solid gold watch made. Fill in correctly the missing letters in the following phrase, and where now marked with a DASH — :

T-ES- W--CH-S A-E F-L-Y G--R-NT-ED

By filling in the missing letters, and enclosing a stamped envelope, with your name and complete direction clearly written thereon, so that we may without delay, inform you of your success, and complying with our simple condition about which we write, you will obtain absolutely free, a watch that you will be proud to own.
While the puzzle may be difficult, it costs nothing to try.

Rex Manufacturing Co. Dept. No. 64 117 Commissioner St., Montreal.

SUMMER TOURIST FARES

— TO —

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA AND PACIFIC COAST POINTS

THROUGH CANADIAN ROCKIES

CHOICE of ROUTES ON LAND AND SEA GOING AND RETURNING.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS FROM POINTS (Western) ONTARIO, MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN and from all stations CALGARY and EDMONTON (Inclusive) in ALBERTA, (Via LOOMA, C.N. via TOFIELD, G.T.P.)

NOW ON SALE

Liberal Stopovers
Final Return Limit October 31, 1921.

SEE JASPER PARK AND MOUNT ROBSON

FOR FULL INFORMATION AS TO FARES, SERVICE, RESERVATIONS, ETC., APPLY TO ANY AGENT

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON FOR JULY 3.

THE EARLY LIFE OF SAUL.

We are now entering a six months' study of the life and teachings of one of the greatest men who ever lived.

I. Saul's Birth (Acts 21:39).

His parents belonged to the tribe of Benjamin and were "Hebrews of the Hebrews," that is, Jews who have not become contaminated in their ancestry through inter-marriage with the Gentiles (Phil. 3:5).

1. Time of. It is impossible to determine the exact year of his birth, but the probability is that it was practically the same as that of Jesus. He was a "young man" when Stephen was stoned (Acts 7:58). "Young man" may mean any age from twenty to thirty. About 60 A.D. in the Roman prison he calls himself "Paul the aged" (Philemon 9). This distinction would hardly be appropriate for a man under sixty.

2. Place of (v. 39). Tarsus, the capital of the Province of Cilicia. Representative business men came here from all parts of the world. It was a self-governing city which made citizenship therein honorable. Besides, it was one of the three great educational centres of the Roman empire. God's providence ordered that the apostle to the Gentiles should be born in a city where he would encounter men of every class and nation, making him broad in his sympathy and tolerant in his dealings with others.

II. Saul's Home Training (Deut. 6: 4-9; cf. II. Tim. 3:14, 15).

He was brought up in a pious home (Phil. 3:5). In the passages cited above is given the responsibility of a Jew in the training of his children.

1. Central truths to be taught (vv. 4, 5). (1) Unity of God. "The Lord our God is one Lord." This was a testimony against the polytheism existing among the Gentiles of that day. He is God alone, therefore to worship another is sin. The word translated "God" is plural in form, giving room for the doctrine of the Trinity —Father, Son and Holy Spirit. The great need of the world is a recognition of the fundamental doctrine of the unity and trinity of the Godhead. There can be no established order until God is given His rightful place; neither can there be any moral health. (2) Man's supreme obligation (v. 5). God should be loved with all the heart, soul and might, because He is God alone and supreme. This being the first and great commandment, we know what is man's supreme duty.

2. How these truths are to be kept alive (vv. 6-9). The place for God's Word is in the heart. In order that it may be in the heart (1) "teach it diligently to thy children" (v. 7. The most important part of a child's education is that given by parents in the Word of God. (2) Talk of them in the home (v. 7). How blessed is that home where God's Word is the topic of conversation. (3) Talk of them when retiring for the night (v. 7). The last thing upon which the mind should rest before going to sleep should be God and His truth. (5) Talk of them when rising in the morning (v. 7). How fitting that God should speak to us the first thing when we awake! (6) Bind them upon thine hand (v. 8). This was literally done by the Jews, even to the wearing of little boxes between their eyes. (7) Write them upon the posts of the houses and on the gates (v. 9).

Doubtless Timothy's home training was similar to Saul's (II. Tim. 3:14, 15). From a child Timothy was taught the Holy Scriptures (II. Tim. 1:5). This was done in the home by his mother.

III. Saul's Education (Acts 22:3).

1. In college at Jerusalem. A Jewish child became a child of the law at the age of thirteen. Most likely at this age he went to Jerusalem to enter upon his course of study. Here he sat at the feet of Gamaliel, one of the most eminent teachers that ever blessed Israel. The course of study here was restricted to the Holy Scriptures.

2. A trade at Tarsus. Perhaps after finishing his college course at Jerusalem he returned to Tarsus and learned a trade. One rabbi said, "He that teacheth not his son a trade doeth the same as if he had taught him to steal." The trade he learned was tent making. This came in very good in his later life, enabling him to support himself while he preached the gospel.

Tourists From United States.

Two thousand United States automobiles crossed the International border at Blaine into Canada between May 27th and May 30th. This is the first big rush of tourists for the 1921 season.

The little town of Werdi, in the kingdom of Dahomey, is celebrated for its temple of serpents, a long building in which the priests keep upwards of 1,000 serpents of all sizes.

Asthma Victims. The man or woman subject to asthma is indeed a victim. What can be more terrifying than to suddenly be seized with paroxysms of choking which seem to fairly threaten the existence of life itself. From such a condition Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought relief to many. It is known and prized in every section of this broad land.

A town cannot grow without business. By helping your local dealer you assist the community.

A Summer Frock Of Batiste



By Marie Belmont.

This charming dress is one that you could easily copy if you are at all gifted in the dressmaking line. The fabric from which it is evolved is a rose colored embroidered batiste which is extremely dainty. The bodice is cut on rather long-waisted lines that follow closely the lines of the figure. The skirt is unusually full and is finished with a scalloped hem. This is outlined with rose linen bands that are exceedingly fashionable. They are also used with equally good effect on the short sleeves and the neckline. A vestee of lace and a rose ribbon girdle complete this pleasing creation.

Plan Your Vacation Trip

Special Summer Tourist Fares to the Pacific Coast.

Special Summer Tourist tickets to Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle and other Pacific Coast points are now on sale daily by the Canadian Pacific Railway. These tickets will bear a final return limit until October 31st, and permit stopovers en route, which gives travellers an opportunity of visiting some of the beautiful resorts in the Rockies, such as Banff, Lake Louise and Glacier, where the Company maintain splendid resort hotels. These tickets are optional via the main line or Arrow Lakes route in one or both directions without extra charge. No expensive side trips necessary.

In addition to the "Trans-Canada Limited" exclusive sleeping car train, a choice of two other daily trains is offered, and as all are equipped with open-top observation cars through the mountains an excellent view of the magnificent scenery may be had.

Any Agent of the Canadian Pacific will be pleased to give further particulars and make the necessary arrangements for the trip.

When a mother detects from the writhings and fretting of a child that worms are troubling it, she can procure a reliable remedy in Miller's Worm Powders which will expel all worms from the system. They may cause vomiting, but this need cause no anxiety, because it is but a manifestation of their thorough work. No worms can long exist where these Powders are used.

Establish Contract Grade of Wheat

Minneapolis Has Started Trading for September Delivery.

Trading in wheat for September delivery has been started by the Minneapolis chamber of commerce. This follows the passage of an amendment to the rules of the chamber establishing No. 1 Northern spring wheat as the contract grade. The vote was 303 for and 9 against. The previous contract grade was No. 2 Red Spring. Under the amendment No. 1 dark Northern Spring is deliverable at two cents above the price for No. 1 Northern wheat, No. 2 dark Northern Spring at one cent under, No. 2 Northern Spring at 3 cents under, No. 3 dark Northern Spring at 18 cents under, and No. 3 Northern Spring at 20 cents under.

Not Easily Hit.

Lloyd George is the only statesman who has learned anything from the war. He has mastered the art of going in a zigzag course to avoid torpedoes.—New York Evening Post.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

Cactus Makes Natural Compass.

One variety of cactus, found in deserts, always points to the south, thus forming a natural compass.

It pays to patronize home industry. Buy from the merchants in your own town.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

Too often the error of a minute becomes the sorrow of a lifetime.

DISCOVERED TRUE REMEDY FOR SYSTEMATIC CATARRH

A bad case of Catarrh is not an easy thing to treat, and a remedy that makes good, deserves great credit. Catarrhozone certainly fixed up Chas. H. Webb, who writes from Woodstock: "For a number of years I was troubled with Systematic Catarrh. Nothing helped me very much. I used Catarrhozone Inhaler and got relief. To build up my system, I used Ferrozone. This combination can't be beaten. They made me well." Your case may also be bad, but Catarrhozone will do for you what it did for Mr. Webb. Two months treatment $1.00, small size 50c. All dealers or the Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Airmen At Camp Borden

10,000 Airmen Spending a Month in Camp at the Government's Expense.

"Refresher" flying promises to be one of the most popular pastimes in Canada during the summer months this year, when Camp Borden will be in full swing again. Approximately 10,000 airmen in Canada will avail themselves of the opportunity of spending a month in camp at the Government's expense. Since the "refresher" courses were inaugurated at Camp Borden about eight months ago, the ex-air force officers have done over 2,200 hours of actual flying, covering a distance of approximately 200,000 miles.

ALMOST HELPLESS FROM ST. VITUS DANCE

The Muscles of the Hands, Face and Body Affected.

St. Vitus dance is a disease of the nerves brought on by a morbid condition of the blood. It is common with children, and attacks girls more frequently than boys. Irritability is frequently one of the first signs noted. The child frets, is quarrelsome and does not sleep well. The jerky movements that characterize this disease come a little later. The limbs and sometimes the whole body jerks spasmodically, and in severe cases the power of speech is affected. Such a child should not be allowed to study, but should be kept quiet, given a nutritious diet, remain out of doors as much as possible. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will help the blood restore the shattered nerves. The value of these pills in cases of this kind is shown by the following statement from Mrs. Frank Reynolds, Windsor, N.S., who says: "When a young girl I suffered very severely from St. Vitus dance. I could not keep still for a moment. If I tried to handle dishes I broke them, and could not safely attempt to hold a thing in my hands. No matter what was done for me I could not control the twitching in my face and body. My parents gave me several remedies, but they did not help me. Then one day my father brought home a half dozen boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After two boxes had been taken there was an improvement in my condition. By the time the last box was gone, to my own great joy and relief to our family, my condition was normal, and I have since enjoyed good health. I never lose an opportunity to say a good word for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Lake Stocked With Fish.

The Dominion Fisheries Branch report during the season just closed shows that upward of 268,000,000 young whitefish were liberated in the Great Lakes and the Lake of the Woods. A large proportion of the eggs are secured from the commercial catch of fish which, but for activities of the department, would be wasted. The Sarnia hatchery this season sent 12,825,000 whitefish eggs to British Columbia.

Extending Saskatchewan University.

The contract has been awarded for the erection of a two story wing to the engineering building at Saskatchewan University costing approximately $100,000.

I SUFFERED FIVE YEARS

Finally Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Paris, Ont.—"For five years I suffered from pains caused by displacement of my organs and in my back. All of this time I was unfit for work and was taking different medicines that I thought were good. I saw the advertisement in the papers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and took it faithfully. I am now in perfect health and do all my own work. I recommend it to others, and give you permission to publish this letter in your little books and in the newspapers as a testimonial."—Mrs. D. CASSADY, Box 461, Paris, Ont.

Why women will continue to suffer so long is more than we can understand, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound!

For forty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

World Happenings Briefly Told

Prisoners in Denver County Jail gave the money they had saved for cigarettes and food to the relief fund for Pueblo, Colo., flood sufferers.

Robert E. Tegler an old-timer of Edmonton, and sole owner of the Tegler Block, the largest building in Edmonton, died recently.

Tenders for the completion of the work on sections one and two of the Welland Ship Canal are being advertised.

Emile Matte, 19, was killed almost instantly at Ottawa when an automobile overturned and went over an embankment. Another man escaped.

When plates of ice cream were served to the 1,700 immigrants at Ellis Island, N.Y., the diners thought it a new kind of butter and spread it over their bread.

If both parties, by mutual consent, break an engagement to marry, the man is entitled to the engagement ring, an Ashbury Park, N.J., court ruled.

The Dominion Government has decided to take over and carry to completion the shipyard and the uncompleted dock of the Victoria Shipowners, Limited.

Seeds about 2,000 years old found in the hands of an Egyptian mummy, have sprouted in the conservatory of Wm. Patterson, of Quincy, Mass., and are beginning to bear blossoms like those of the sweet pea.

Census statistics give the number of Canadians in San Francisco as 7,083. In Oakland, across the bay, there are 3,785. In Los Angeles the census showed 13,187 Canadians, and in Denver, 3,102.

The United States state department issued a formal statement denying published reports that it had been kept cognizant of the negotiations looking to a renewal of the Anglo-Japanese treaty.

Hand picked settlers are to be brought to British Columbia in large numbers to fit up the vacant lands in northern and central parts of the province, accordin gto plans just completed by owners of large areas, it is stated.

Gambling in long distance telephone calls is the latest industry in France. The number of phones is so inadequate that speculators have been buying up long distance calls in advance and holding them to retail at fabulous prices.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Sirs,—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT for the past 23 years and whilst I have occasionally used other liniments I can safely say that I have never used any equal to yours.

If rubbed between the hands and inhaled frequently, it will never fail to relieve cold in the head in 24 hours. It is also the best for bruises, sprains, etc.

Yours truly,
J. G. LESLIE.

Dartmouth.

Arctic Explorer Returns

Amundsen is Back After Winter With Icebound Steamer.

Captain Amundsen arrived at Nome, Alaska, recently. His ship, the Maud, which wintered at Cape Serge, Siberia, lost her propeller in the ice, and she is expected to reach Nome some time this summer for repairs. The explorer, noted for his discovery of the South Pole, and his many Arctic and Antarctic voyages, said he would continue his efforts next year to reach the North Pole by drifting with Arctic ice floes as soon as repairs to his vessel were completed. He spent the winter on board the Maud with one native and three white companions, and said the party experienced few vicissitudes. He reached Nome on the trading schooner Herman, which picked him up at East Cape, Siberia.

The Dominion Agricultural Returns

Dairy Butter Industry Has Increased During the Past Decade.

The value of all field crops produced in Canada for the year ending March 31, 1920, was $1,812,915,500, and the value of dairy products $247,531,352. The number of horses in the country is given as 3,667,369, the number of milch cows as 3,548,437, other cattle as 6,536,574, sheep as 3,421,958 and swine as 3,040,070. During the year 3,788,438 pounds of wool were graded by farmers' co-operative organizations. The dairy butter industry has increased during the past decade from 5,478,304 pounds to 25,356,711 pounds.

Airship Launched For Japan.

Messrs. Vickers have launched from their airship shed at Barrow, an airship for the Japanese Government. She is of the Sea Scout class, carrying a gondola and a small crew. A trial flight over Barrow has been successfully accomplished, a high speed being reached.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

It takes a pretty conscientious fisherman to admit that what he likes best about it is not working.

Know how to play the card of indifference.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES MAKE PERFECT BREAD

For many years physicians have prescribed yeast for the correction of certain physical disarrangements, such as boils, constipation, pimples and intestinal troubles. Royal Yeast Cakes are rich in vitamines and serve to tone up the blood. Royal Yeast Cakes are on sale in practically every grocery store. Send name and address for free copy "Royal Yeast Cakes for Better Health."

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, CANADA MONTREAL
MADE IN CANADA

Buy Cascara Bark

Growers In B.C. Can Build Up Large Business.

Recently 5,000 tons of Cascara bark was shipped from Vancouver to British and United States markets. Reports from the United States drug centres say that a great industry awaits the growers of Cascara shrubs and Cascara bark on the British Columbia sea coast.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine

Those who are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that while Catarrh is a local disease, it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier, and acts through the blood upon the mucous surfaces of the body, thus reducing the inflammation and restoring normal conditions.
All druggists. Circulars free.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Boston Or Bust.

A lecturer in Boston told his audience that the earth is 360,000,000,000,000 miles away from the centre of the universe. That was a very nervy thing to say in a town which calls itself the hub.—Detroit Free Press.

Useful in Camp.—Explorers, surveyors, prospectors and hunters will find Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil very useful in camp. When the feet and legs are wet and cold it is well to rub them freely with the Oil and the result will be the prevention of pains in the muscles, and should a cut, or contusion, or sprain be sustained, nothing could be better as a dressing or lotion.

Reclamation for Central Alberta.

The cultivable area of the fertile mixed farming sections of Central Alberta may be added to considerably as a result of surveys being conducted with a view to draining large lakes. The largest is Manawan Lake, containing 23,000 acres, and others Chip Lake, 19,000, and Lane's Lake, 3,000 acres. If the schemes are found to be practicable, ditching will probably be put under way next year.

Pelts of coyotes were used during the war as trench coats for British soldiers.



Could Not Sleep

Mr. Earnest Clark, Police Officer, 338 King St., Kingston, Ont., writes:

"For three years I suffered from nervousness and sleeplessness. I believe my condition was brought about by overwork. I had frequent headaches, neuralgic pains and twitching of nerves and muscles. I had indigestion, was short of breath and easily tired. I commenced a treatment of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and seven boxes of this medicine relieved me of all my symptoms. I am now feeling one hundred per cent. better than I was, and have to thank Dr. Chase's Nerve Food for the good health I am now enjoying."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 60 cents a box, 6 for $2.75, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr Chase's Nerve Food

The Brass Bound Box and the Steel Safety Deposit Vault

The old-fashioned wallet and the brass bound box were no protection against fire or theft. The Safety Deposit Vaults in The Merchants Bank afford the maximum of protection. Valuable papers, jewellery and silverware are guarded against loss when placed in our care; and the yearly charge for such protection is very moderate.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.

WAINWRIGHT BRANCH, C. H. ROWE, Manager.
CALGARY STOCK YARDS BRANCH, W. T. HOPKIRK, Manager.

Safety Deposit Boxes to Rent at Wainwright Branch.

The Wainwright Star

HUNTINGFORD AND MORRISON, PROPS.

Published Weekly at The Star Office, Wainwright, Alberta

Subscriptions

To Subscribers in the 40-mile radius, $2.00 per year; other post-office points in Canada, $2.50 per year; United States, England & Foreign Countries $3.00 per year All strictly in advance.

Advertising Rates

Contract rates supplied on application.

Classified, strayed, etc. not exceeding 5 lines, 75 cents for first insertion; three insertions for $1.50 payable in advance.

Legal and Municipal Advertising, 15c. per line for first insertion and 10c. per line for each subsequent issue.

Accounts rendered Monthly.

Transients—Cash with Order

All changes for Contract advertisements will be inserted till forbid and charged for accordingly

Accounts rendered monthly

WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA, JUNE 29th, 1921.

ELITE THEATRE

THURS. FRI AND SAT. THIS WEEK

EIGHT-REEL SPECIAL

SUPER-PRODUCTION FEATURE

RIGHT TO HAPPINESS

The biggest picture of the season, starring

DOROTHY PHILLIPS

IT'S A UNIVERSAL JEWEL DE LUXE

:-: WAINWRIGHT SPORTS DAY :-:

DANCE FRIDAY NIGHT

AFTER THE SHOW

Four-piece Orchestra 10 p.m sharp

Refreshments served b y Wainwright Band

MON., TUES. AND WED. NEXT WEEK

NATIONAL'S SECOND OFFERING

BLIND YOUTH

A Photoplay of Rare, High Quality

A picture equal to "Palace of Darkened Windows."

Watch for the BIG SUPER-PRODUCTION EVERY TWO WEEKS

ST. LUKE'S (R.C.) CHURCH
Pastor - - - Fr. R. G. Lemaire

Mass in Wainwright on First and Third Sundays of every month.

At Heath on the Second Sunday of every month.

Services on Sunday next at Wainwright at 10.30 a.m.

St. THOMAS' CHURCH
ANGLICAN
Rev. H. Wilson, vicar

Sunday July 3, 6th after Trinity.
8.30 a.m.—Holy Communion
10.15 a.m.—Sunday school.
11 a.m.—Matins
7.30 p.m.—Evensong.

ST. PATRICK'S HEATH

Sixth Sunday after Trinity
3 p.m.—Litany, Holy Communion.

St. Andrew's Church
PRESBYTERIAN

SERVICES NEXT SUNDAY

Sunday Morning at 11
Sunday school at 12.15
Sunday Evening at 7.30

Presbyterian Church Service Greenshields 3-15 p.m.

Rev. J. B. Thompson
Pastor.

Grace MethodistChurch
Rev. N. F. PRIESTLEY . . Pastor

Services on Sunday next
11 a.m.— Bible school for all grades; Jas. B. Madder, supt.
Senior class conducted by the Pastor.
7.30 p.m.—Evening Service

Service at Gilt Edge at 3 p.m.
Rev Oswald Whitford will assist Mr Priestley at this service

WAINWRIGHT LODGE No 45

Meets every Monday evening at EIGHT o'clock, in Oddfellows Hall, Washburn block.
Visiting brethren welcomed.
J. Forrest N. G. H. McLeod, Secretary

ADELINE REBEKAH LODGE No. 54



Meets First and Third Thursdays of every month in Oddfellows' Hall, Washburn block at EIGHT o'clock.
Visiting Rebekahs Welcomed.
Sis. H. McLeod, Noble Grand.
Sis. I. Bowerman Secretary.

Cattalo Local U.F.A.
No. 930

Meets in the Town Hall, Wainwright, on the First Saturday of each month.

L. E. Bean, President. R. H. Watson, Secretary

U.F.W.A.
WAINWRIGHT LOCAL
NO. 24

Meets in the Rest Room First Saturday of each month. at 2.30 sharp.

Those having sealers from the Sale of home cooking please return them,

Ice crea m and soft drinks will be served during the Convention at the Rest Room and Theatre.

Mrs L. Bean, Pres. Mrs A. Robinson Secretary

Great War Veterans Association
WAINWRIGHT LOCAL

Next meeting will be held on Saturday Oct. 8th in Town Hall
EIGHT O'CLOCK
C. T. LALLY - - President
W. T. SUCKLING - - Secretary

PUBLIC NOTICE

TOWN OF WAINWRIGHT

Public Notice is hereby given that during the months of July and August applications may be made under subsection 2 of section 79 of the Town Act for inclusion on the Voters' List of the Town of Wainwright on the part of the wife, husband, son, daughter, father or mother of each person assessed upon the last revised assessment roll.

For this purpose the Office of the Secretary Treasurer will be open during the usual office hours every day of the said months which is not a legal holiday.

H. Y. PAWLING
13-7c Secy-Treas.

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Soldier Settlement Board of Canada

Offers for sale by Public Tender:—

The North East Quarter of Section Eighteen (18) Township Forty-six (46) Range Eight (8) West of the Fourth (4) Meridian.

Terms of sale may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

Tenders will be opened on Thursday, July 7th 1921 at 10 a.m

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders should be marked "Sale No. 287."

G. McMORRIS.
District Superintendent
Williamson Block
Edmonton, Alta

SILVER TEA

The Ladies of
CONNAUGHT CHAPTER
No 8, O. E. S.
are holding
A SILVER TEA
on Mrs Yeager's lawn, 3rd Ave
SATURDAY, JULY 9TH
From 4 p.m. till 9 p.m.

Commitie in harge. Proceeds to be used for beneficent purpose

THE
Royal George Hotel

When in Edmonton Stop at
THE ROYAL GEORGE

OUR RATES ARE VERY
, , REASONABLE
OUR SERVICE IS
THE BEST

Royal George Hotel
Jason Graham, Manager

House for Sale

Good 6-roomed House For Sale in first-class repair; just redecorated. Price is right. Also good Ford car for sale,

Apply
REG. HENRY
or Atlas Lbr. Co. Wainwright

CLASS- CONSCIOUS

It has recently been remarked on the magic power for good or ill of a single word, giving as an example the world-wide dilemas set a foot by Mr. Wilson's pronouncing of the spell-word "self-determination." There is another word which our friends the socialists are fond of using, and which it had perhaps been better left unsaid—"class-conscious."

When a certain person was recently convicted of conspiring to corrupt the loyalty of the British tar, the fact was lamented that he was not yet "class-conscious." Long may that unconscious be his! Six months in jail seems too short a sentence for this sower of dragon's teeth.

It is the most glaring of illogicalities that those whose professed aim in the establishment of universal equality—which, if it means anything, means the absence of class distinctions—should begin with an appeal to the very spirit they pretend to adjure.

To do this is merely to magnify and embitter distinctions which, in the general spread of democracy, have for some generations, been quietly disappearing, with the result of a very genuine approach to "the brotherhood of man." In a world where bell-boys have become gentleman, and gentleman even as bell-boys, the old distinction between the classes and the masses may surely be said to have reached the vanishing point. There is little more to be done, at least, in the social equalisation of citizens With the arrival of the "scrub-lady"who can deny that we have paradisal state celebrated in the old English distich :—

When Adam delved and Eve span,
Who was then the gentleman?

When what were formerly known as the "upper class" have already handed in their humble and repentant abdication, to stimulate "class-consciousness" among those members of society who have been previously free from that taint of exclusiveness is merely to attempt the creation of an inverted aristocracy, and to be the enemy of the people at large as much as any obigarch anarch. Such dangerous employers of inflammable phrases must not be surprised if, by their awaking "class-consciousness" in those previously unconscious of class, they give new life to those old social distinctions which have long been peaceably dying out. As of old, it will still take all sorts to make a world, and if one sort determines to dominate the rest, it will only repeat the old mistakes of history on a larger and bloodier scale, and once more demonstrate the truth of Carlyle's census of the population of our planet—"mostly fools!"

MILITARISM

"The Western Farmer and Weekly Albertan" is very much alarmed over the amount of money appropriated to maintain a permanent force in Canada. It says "Militarism must be made an issue at the next election, and when the West speaks let it be in no uncertain voice that militarism i n Canada is NOT WANTED." And again, "It was gratifying to see a farmer member O. R. Gould of Assiniboia, voice his opposition to the appropriation in the Commons last week." Mr Gould also objected to supporting "a number of parasites parading about in uniform."

When it comes to opposing militarism in Canada, we will go as far as "The Western Farmer and Weekly Albertan" for the very good reason that we have no doubt we know a great deal more about militarism than does our esteemed contemporary. We have been where German militarism did its worst. We have seen the ruined villages, the wasted farms, the mines destroyed, and the people homeless. We have gone over the top into what seemed a sea of mud, and have seen our comrades fall all round us. We have helped to carry the wounded, groaning with pain, through water and mud to the dressing stations. We have been in the hospitals where so many of our soldiers, maimed for life, were looking out on a future of uncertainty and doubt. And we have lived to come back to face the struggle of re-establishing ourselves and to help in re-stablishing our comrades. Yes—we know something of militarism, and we hate it!

We do not want to see another war, and if "The Western Farmer and Weekly Albertan" and Mr O. R. Gould can assure us that there will never be another war in which Canada will be involved, we will with them, oppose any further appropriation to maintain a small permanent force and militia force in Canada.

But this is something they cannot do, for it is within the range of possibility that Canada will again be involved in war.

When war was declared in 1914, Canada found herself without sufficient trained officers to command her army, and as a result men without any previous military training or experience becam commissioned officers. As a consequence of this, it has been stated, many lives were lost.

If the opinion of "The Western Farmer and Weekly Albertan" and the Honorable Member for Assiniboia prevails that will be just the condition that will exist when war is again declared, and the result will be just the same.

We don't believe there is a single member of the Canadian parliament who desires to see any form of militarism established in Canada; but there are some very sensible men there who, like all sensible men, men learn by experience and know the importance of having some men in Canada with a knowledge of military service, and then if the time comes when we again find ourselves at war, our soldiers will be properly officered.

And if that time comes, these "military parasites parading about in uniforms," to whom Mr Gould sneeringly refers, will be among the first to be sent to the front in order that their bodies may form a wall to protect their country and their countrymen.

They will not be "military parasites" then, but "our country's gallant heroes," and the honorable member for Assiniboia, far behind the line, on his Saskatchewan farm busily engaged in increasing his acreage under wheat —in order to take advantage of war prices—will be thanking his lucky stars that parliament turned a deaf ear of his nonsensical views. —Western Veteran

YOUR PAPER

We are often asked how we gather our news. And to answer truthfully we have to admit that we pick most of it up at random A chance remark, a passing word or a brief glimpse lays the foundation of either a brief local or a snappy article.

As our esteemed contemporary The Unity Courier says:—

Occasionally, very occasionally some of our friends drop in with a news item or phones us some matte r for publication. Otherwise we depend upon our own diligence and powers of observation, and after looking over an issue we ourselves often wonder just where we procure all the news.

Now to our point. It is impossible for the editor of any newspaper to cover all news either social or sport. He can at best only touch on the main topics.

Many interesting events of church, lodge, sport, local or district news is bound to be overlooked. No one man can be omnipresent.

Therefore we feel that our readers should aid in contributing news so that this paper may be their paper, carrying their views and tlieir news.

Each organisation should have its own reporter to attend to any desired publicity. We will help out in wording if desired but we ask the news from those best able to supply it.

The baseball club have a man attend to this in good shape. The guns, football, tennis and other sports have none.

Each and all of these can furnish news of interest to some section of our readers and we solicit their aid.

Our district correspondence is spasmodic and irregular. We regret this as no news is more acceptable at this office than news of the districts surrounding. Phone in youf district news and help in community building.

We will still gather news by the wayside, news unexpected and interesting and we will maintain in the editorial columns a full and straight expression on all current topics and affairs.

Your efforts joined with ours will make The Wainwright Star advange from its present position to f the best and brightest weekly in this portion of the Province of Alberta.

This is your paper—use it.

FIND ADVERTISING IN NEWSPAPERS IS GOOD INVESTMENT

Montreal— Newspaper advertis- was urged upon the druggists at the annual convention here of the Ontario Retail Druggists' association by Frank Stockdale, conductor of the Retail Merchants' Institute, Chicago, and formerly chief of the lecture bureau of Associated Advertising Clubs of the world. Mr Stockdale advised the druggists to seriously consider the newspaper proposition if they desired to increase their sales and add new customers to their lists of patrons. The druggist should place his advertisements on the basis of two per ent of his sales Mr Stockdale said

Early to bed and early to rise; cut the weeds and swat the flies. Mind your business and don't tell lies, pay your debts,—use enterprise and buy from those who advertise.

Folks with the most dough are not always the best bred.

Every failure teaches a man something, if he will but learn.

There should at least be a stable market for corn, oats and hay.

Classified Ads.

FOR SALE—At a real snap price; Good House and Lot; with good well barn and corral; situated on Second avenue.—See J. W. Lee, Wainwright P. O. 27-7p.

$25 REWARD will be paid by the Vermilion Live Stock Protective Association to the first person giving information to the conviction of any person or persons stealing horses or cattle belonging to any member of the association C. W. Robinson, Secretary. tfn

FOUND—A "G.W.V.A." Badge; owner can obtain same by proving property and paying expenses.—Star Office. x

FOR SALE—"American Adding Machine; in good order; just overhauled by factory; cost new $245.00; will sell for $100 on terms—Can be seen at The Star office x

FOR SALE— Hatching Eggs; Barred Plymouth Rock, three pens of the best I ever owned. Setting of 15 eggs for $1.50 Infertile eggs replaced free once—H. A. Clute, Wainwright

LOST—A Gold Cuff Link; Saturday evening last; ha s engraved monogram "G. R. H." —Finder please return to Star Office. x

WANTED—Sewing at home Especially Childrens. Leave word at Star Office, or Telephone Greenshields store—Mrs P. A. Wolff. Greenshields. 6-22p.

LOST.—In Wainwright, Lady's Gold Ring; set with three Sapphires.—Reward for return to A. Liddle Town 13-7c

IMPOUNDED—One Stallion 2-yrs-old, Branded "R. H." Reverse, on right side; Owner may have same by applying—John Peterson—34-47-6-4 Auburndale. 29-6p.

FOR SALE—Good Wagon cheap for Cash. Phone 101, P.O. Box 13 29-6

STRAYED—from premises the N. E. 10-48-4w4 Black Mare; small white spot on forehead; weight about 1,300lbs; also Brownish Black Mare; hind feet white; about 1,200 lbs no brands—Suitable Reward for information to Earl Ferster Vanesti Alta. 29-6

FOR SALE—Dandy bunch of Young Pigs for immediate delivery; Sell any number; Price right — Apply L. O'Rielly, Wainwright P. O. 26-6p

SUMMER
TOURIST FARES
—TO—
VANCOUVER, VICTORIA
AND PACIFIC COAST POINTS

THROUGH CANADIAN ROCKIES,

CHOICE ROUTES ON LAND AND SEA GOING AND RETURNING.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS
FROM POINTS
(Western) ONTARIO, MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN and from all stations CALGARY and EDMONTON (inclusive) in ALBERTA, (Via LOOMA, C.N. via TOFIELD, G. T. P.)
ON SALE
June 1 to Sept. 30, 1921 (inclusive
Liberal Stopovers
Final Return Limit Oct. 31, 1921

SEE JASPER PARK AND MOUNT ROBSON

For Full Information
As To Fares, Service, Reservations, Etc., Apply To Any Agent

Canadian National Rlwy

Professional Cards

LEGAL

FIELDHOUSE & HUNTER
Barristers
Solicitors, Notaries, etc., Wainwright, Edgerton, Chauvin. Special attention given to the collection of accounts. Money to Loan.

HUMPHREY P. MAY,
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
Money to Loan
Main Street - - Wainwright

M. G. CARDELL
Barrister — Solicitor
Notary Public, Commissioner
Main Street, Wainwright

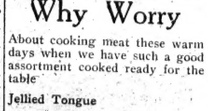
MEDICAL

H. C. WALLACE, M.D., C.M.
Physician and Surgeon
Post Graduate of Montreal and Liverpool
Phones—Office, 55; House, 68
WAINWRIGHT - - ALTA

DENTAL

DR. H. H. LOCKWOOD
Dentist
Graduate Northwestern College and late of Chicago. F.
Parlors:— Armstrong Block

FUNERAL DIRECTORS



J. C. McLEOD
Funeral Directors and Embalmers. Complete stock of funeral supplies. Prompt and careful attention exercised. Second Avenue, Wainwrigh

Why Worry

About cooking meat these warm days when we have such a good assortment cooked ready for the table

Jellied Tongue
Cooked Ham
Roast Pork
Veal Loaf
Head Cheese
Baked Ham
Cheese Loaf
Luncheon Meat
Bologna, etc

Model Meat Market
J. W. STUART, prop.
PHONE 33

RELIABILITY



WALTHAMS ARE ALWAYS RELIABLE

E. L. CORK
G.T.P. Watch Inspector
Watchmaker & Jeweler
Main St, Wainwright

Old Fort Ellis and Sioux Indians

Crossing the Plains to Fort Carlton Summer 1875.

By O-GE-MAS-ES (Little Clerk).

(Copyrighted)

(Continued)

The month was July and shortly after my arrival five York boats arrived from the furthest north post in the district, Lac du Brochet, situated at the northern end of that lake and semi-arctic in climate. About half the boat crews were Chippewayan Indians. It was my first meeting with this tribe and certainly a greater contrast in appearance to that of the plain Indians could not be found. They were rather short, more Asiatic in looks, many of them blear-eyed, and they were not a pleasant looking lot, but by all accounts good hunters and industrious people. Brochet was a famous fur post, and as many of these men were noted hunters, they nearly all had considerable credits with the company, goods having run short at their home post. These balances ran from fifty skins to two and three hundred a man, and fortunately for us Mr. Pierre Deschambeault accompanied the brigade, he having succeeded his father before him in charge of that post and, moreover, speaking Chippewayan like a native. I and a young apprentice clerk named Jack Stewart, were detailed to the trading store and here we passed many hours settling up with these Indians who appeared to be very inferior to the Crees in intelligence.

Two or three were taken into the store at one time, Mr. Deschambeault being present, then goose-quills were solemnly counted out to them in accord with the number of skins to their credit. At first we tried to hurry the procedure, but soon found that the more haste the less speed with these primitive men, as once get them confused and they would have to commence at the beginning and go all over the performance. The old depot as it was called in which the trading store was situated, was over a hundred years old, built of massive square timber, which had been rafted down the Saskatchewan River. Down on the floor squatted each Chippewayan, and spread out before him were the quills, and as he kept sorting them out in various little lots, would exclaim in guttural accents his wishes. The language they spoke was very different from any of the other native languages I had heard, and sounded as if it was uttered from the back of the throat. Mr. Deschambeault would answer him in the same clucking accents and so on until my patience was sorely tried, as we were very busy and working every night. But at last a list would be given us and we would fill the order. In due time they were all paid off and then we had the boatmen to settle with, also much stuff to pack for various posts, as boats had to leave at a certain time to get at their destination before freeze-up.

Madame Belanger, who had been a Miss Marion, was a lady of much refinement, very kind to us youngsters and constantly entertained us. She had a beautiful garden in which cultivated roses formed a prominent feature, and these were quite equal to anything you would find in Eastern Canada. Madame Deschambeault, who had accompanied her husband to headquarters, was a gay young creature, and only too delighted to get away from the lone desolation of Lac Du Brochet to the comparative civilization of Cumberland House where dances were held several times weekly. Pierre himself detested so-called civilization, and counted the days until he could return to his beloved north country. He was known to be possessed of a considerable private income (which he took good care of) and in an indent sent down some years before, just after he was married, there was included with his private order one very indispensable article of China, that is generally kept under the bed. Some wag changed this to one dozen and again at the Fort Garry Depot the dozen was erased and gross written in, so that no less than twelve cases containing 144 of these articles were shipped to Brochest on Pierre's private account, the freight, of course, amounting to many times the prime cost. This was the first trip he had made to Cumberland since these goods were forwarded and as the story was well known we were all agog to hear the result, but Pierre remained discreetly silent in regard to it. He, however, finally produced a bale of most beautiful beaver and otter skins. "Hello," was Factor Belanger's remark, "what is this? You well know private trade is not allowed." "Well," was his slow and cautious reply, "when kind friends sent me up so much china I let the fact be known to the Chippewayans that some entirely new vessels had just come in which were invariably used by white people, and they shortly became the rage, and the Indian family who could not serve up caribou soup in one of them was not counted amongst the elite of savagedom." There was a great laugh. Truly Pierre had one on the crowd, and credit was at once given to him for the total cost of the goods, while the company annexed the fur. A slow smile spread over his face, and he sure was not so slow, now was he?

We at last had all goods ready for Lac Du Brochet, Pelican Narrows and other posts, and one fine day away they went on the long and arduous journey of many portages and rapid rivers, not to mention Lac Brochet itself, which is said to be some two hundred and eighty miles long and full of islands. In fact one year in foggy weather the boat brigade having got off their direct course, which was marked by lobsticks from island to island, got lost for a week. The whole lake is still a terra incognita and though geologists have reported valuable mineral veins it is even at this late date unexplored, like so much of the great north country.

Factor Belanger, having decided to go east for the winter on a visit to his people, The Pas was made headquarters for the district, and a Mr. Alex. Matheson (chief clerk) a very talented Scotchman, was placed in charge of the district, with myself as an assistant." Alas, all the districts accounts (covering a country extending from Grand Rapids at the mouth of the Saskatchewan River to a point midway between Brochet and Churchill, roughly speaking some seven hundred miles in length) came to The Pas for my edification, but these I have mentioned in a former article.

Mr. Matheson rose to be a chief factor in the service, his last charge being Fort William. His death occurred some years ago and was greatly lamented. He was very much beloved in the service by employees and Indians alike; in fact to know him was to love him, and, personally, I owe him a deep debt of gratitude for helping to shape my future.

To Dredge Narrows at Vancouver.

Vancouver, B.C.—The Federal Government will assist with the dredging of the first narrows at Vancouver to make the passage into the harbor safe for deep sea craft of heavy draft. A telegram from Hon. F. B. McCurdy, minister of public works at Ottawa, was read at a luncheon of the Vancouver Shipping Bureau, promising aid in the work.

League of Nations Society.

Ottawa — The Governor-General presided at a meeting in Ottawa to consider the formation of a League of Nations Society in Canada. The object of the society will be threefold: (1) To provide information concerning the league; (2) to study international questions as they affect Canada; and (3) to foster mutual understanding between nations.

German Sergeant Will Serve Ten Months For Ill-Treating British

Leipsic.—Sergt. Heyne, accused of having ill-treated British soldiers who were prisoners of war at the prison camp at Harne, Westphalia, was sentenced to ten months imprisonment by the high court. He was the first German soldier to be tried on criminal charges arising from the conduct of the war.

In his summing up address the prosecuting attorney-general demanded that Heyne be sent to prison for two years. In reviewing the testimony at the trial, the prosecutor declared that while prisoners of war could not be expected to be handled with "kid gloves," the application of violence and the use of offensive epithets was not warranted. He declared that Sergt Heyne was shown to have exceeded the requirements of his position as guard over British prisoners in 28 instances.

Attorneys for the defence declared the sergeant was constantly beset with difficulties owing to the hostile attitude of British prisoners in the prison camp at Harne. The British, he said, were generally unruly, constantly mutinous, and reported themselves ill when they were perfectly well.

Sergt. Heyne made an address to the court, declaring that he had faith in the judges' sense of justice, and asking for an acquittal.

Of the other accused booked for trial soon, interest of the British is keenest over Carl Neumann, who commanded U-boat 67, which sank the hospital ship Dover Castle off the coast of Africa, May 26, 1917. He is not yet under detention, but the government has promised to produce him for trial.

Disturbance In Egypt

Wires Between Cairo and Alexandria Have Been Cut.

London.—Telephone wires between Cairo and Alexandria, Egypt, have been cut, says a Central News despatch from Cairo. No news is coming from Alexandria, and disquieting rumors are current in Cairo, the despatch declares.

There was only desultory firing in the streets of Alexandria, reports received on the result of the recent riotous disturbances stated. Fifty persons, including 12 Europeans, were killed and nearly 200 persons wounded. Looters and skulkers were responsible for these disturbances.

American Company Buys B. C. Mines

Big Sum Has Been Paid For Silver Lead Mines.

Revelstoke, B.C.—The Waverley-Tangier Silver Lead Mines, situated at the head waters of Downie Creek, have been purchased by the Walters Investment Company ,of Spokane, Washington. The exact terms of the deal are not disclosed, but it is known that $20,000 has been paid already and that the Walters interests have spent another $10,0000 for development work, which includes the construction of eight miles of wagon road from Albert Canyon, B.C., to the property.

Coal Freight Rate Cut

Reduced 10 Per Cent. From Alberta Mines to Prairie Provinces.

Winnipeg.—A reduction of ten per cent. in the rates on coal from the Alberta mines to the three prairie provinces is granted by the Railway Commission in a judgment according to an Ottawa dispatch to the Winnipeg Evening Free Press. The despatch says:

"The mine operators and the dealers alike co-operated in an application to the board for a 20 per cent. reduction. The board grants 10 per cent. pointing out that when there was a general increase in freight rates last fall coal did not figure to the same extent as other commodities and that with such a reduction the increase would not be more than five per cent. The order is effective June 1, and expires August 31."

Record Journey Made To Reace River

First Party Travelling By Boat Has Arrived.

Peace River, Alta.—The first party to reach Peace River by the water route from Prince George, B.C., this season, has arrived. During the course of their trip they were forced to cut through the ice on Summit Lake. A record was made as the journey was accomplished in seven canoeing days and 101 miles were made down the Peace River in one day.

The party included C. J. Vernon MacKenzie, editor of MacLean's Magazine; H. Weston Taylor, of Philadelphia; and W. V. Chambers, of Bermuda, who are gathering magazine material.

Starving Soldier Found in Forest

Had Been In The Bush About A Week.

Toronto.—A discharged British soldier with $56 in his pocket, though his clothes were tattered and filthy, was found in the forest near Woodbridge, Ont. His memory was gone. He was famished and ate ravenously when given food. It is thought he was in the bush about a week. He was brought to Toronto and handed over to the D.S.C.R. and was placed in the military hospital as a bed patient. According to the papers he carried his name is John McQuade and he is 29 years old.

Crank Dies By Fasting.

Selma, Iowa.—Walter Oliver, son of a wealthy farmer, died on the sixtieth day of a self-imposed fast.

Oliver was a conscientious objector and was sent to the Federal penitentiary when he refused to don a uniform. Upon his return to his home here he became a recluse and later entered into a fast, declaring, "I will not take food until the Lord blesses me."

U.S. Meat Imports.

Washington.—The United States last year imported 160,000,000 pounds of meat of all kinds, the Department of Agriculture announced. About two-thirds of the imports are said to have been New Zealand lambs.

Turks Must Release British Prisoners

Constantinople.—The British naval officials here have sent a warship to Adalia to force the Turks to release eleven prisoners who were removed from the British steamer Palatina.

W. N. U. 1370

France Wants Help From U. S.

To Find Solution For the European Situation.

Paris.—A strong appeal to the United States to step in and find a solution to the European situation was voiced by M. Noblemaire, in the Chamber of Deputies, during the discussion of the government's foreign policy.

"The coming hour is the hour of the United States," said the deputy "She has not signed the treaty, but she has her word to say. Why should she not impose precise conditions for the execution of certain clauses of the treaty, for instance, reparations and disarmament? We look to her for the return of normal conditions in Europe."

Constantinople Fears Reign Of Terror

People Live Gay Life in Face of Famine.

Constantinople. — Although gay nightlife prevails in nearly all the cities of the Caucasus region, the people are said, in advices received here to be literally dancing on the edge of a volcano. Famine is expected in June or July, and under the surface there is a deadly fear of a reign of terror.

Bread is costing 5,000 roubles per pound, while 12,000 roubles is required to purchase a pound of sugar.

General Wrangel Goes To Belgrade

Has Received Permission to Reside in Jugo-Slavia.

Belgrade—General Baron Wrangel, former anti-Bolsheviki leader in the Crimea, is expected here by the end of next week with his staff. He will take up his residence at Karlovos, on the Danube, 30 miles from Belgrade.

The Belgrade Government recently gave General Wrangel and his staff permission to reside in Jugo-Slavia.

Head Tax Source Of Annoyance

Officials Say Act In Relation To Canadians Unnecessary.

Washington.—The head tax on Canadians entering the United States is a source of irritation and causes embarrassment to officials compelled to enforce it, W. W. Husband, commissioner-general of immigration said. Before the present law went into effect in 1917, the tax applied only to foreigners who had lived in Canada less than one year, Mr. Husband said, adding that the present law, which provides an eight-dollar tax on each individual, including native Canadians, was unnecessary, disturbed friendly relations and should be repealed.

Almost Created Panic

Waste O.l Blaze Scares People of Halifax.

Halifax.—Recollection of the Halifax explosion of 1917, and the sight of a huge volume of black smoke rising from the harbor in the vicinity of the Halifax dockyard, was sufficient to produce a near panic in some sections of this city. Discovery that the smoke was caused by the fierce burning of the harbor water, and prompt measures on the part of the fire department which prevented much damage to waterfront property, calmed the rising excitement.

Will Visit Indians In North

H. A. Conroy Leaving Soon to Pay Treaty Money.

Edmonton.—On his way to Fort Providence and beyond to pay treaty money and to visit the natives of the north, H. A. Conroy, of the Department of Indian Affairs, is in Edmonton making preparations for his long journey into the north.

The Mackenzie River Indians will come in for treaty this year, according to Mr. Conroy, and the fact that treaty has never been paid them in the past attaches considerable interest to the expedition.

Canada's Pulp Exports Lower.

Montreal.—Canadian exports of pulp and paper for the month of April, 1921, were valued at $6,946,236, as compared with $8,172,336 for April, 1920, according to the special report issued by the Canadian Pulp and Paper Association. On the other hand, and included in above figures, the shipments of newsprint and other papers show a considerable increase in the month, being for newsprint $5,241,893 against $3,827,541. The decrease is in chemical pulp mainly.

Riel's Brother Ill.

Winnipeg.—Joseph Riet, younger brother of Louis Ricl, famed for his prominent part in the stirring events of 1869-70 in Manitoba is very ill at his home in St. Vital, near here. He is now 64 years old.

Moscow Near Starvation

No Hope Of Supply Of Flour From Caucasia.

Riga.—Moscow is near starvation, it is said in reports from that city, as peasants refuse to sell corn and are keeping it for seed. The decree issued by the Bolshevik Government restoring freedom to trade does not seem to have removed the menace of a food shortage. Government commissions sent to villages to purchase corn are said to have returned empty-handed and the hope entertained by the Soviet Government that it might secure a supply of flour from Caucasia, has vanished.

Propose Reduced Fare For Veterans

Ontario G.W.V.A. Request Rate of Cent a Mile.

Brantford, Ont.—At the annual convention of the Ontario command G.W.V.A., a resolution was passed asking the Dominion Government to grant a cent a mile fare for unemployed veterans and their families on their way to eployment with children under seven years free.

Such provisions should be continued until the present economic stage was passed, the resolution suggested.

Likes British Rule

Bombay Citizen Says It Is Blessing to India.

Chicago.—The British administration has been a great blessing to the masses of India, Rustom Rustomjee, former editor of the Oriental Review, Bombay, India, told the members of the Commerce Association. He said he was not a "servile apologist" of the British Goverment of India, but belonged to the constitutional opposition faction until that party was captured by radicals.

Attempt To Wreck C. N. R. Express Fails

May Be Connection Between This and Bridge Dynamiting.

Montreal.—An unsuccessful attempt to wreck an express train on the Canadian National Railway, St. Jerome and Montfort subdivision, has been reported to the management of the line here. The attempt, which took place on Victoria Day, was made at Morin Heights, and consisted of the placing of pieces of rail between the guard rail and the main line at two places. W. A. Kingsland, general manager of the C.N.R., said there was no doubt the attempt had been deliberate. He could not say if there was any connection between this attempt and the dynamiting of the Cushing station on the same section of the railway.

Briand Has Faith In German Promises

Confident That Government Will Carry Out Its Obligations.

Paris.—The Chamber of Deputies endorsed the government policy on German reparations payments by the substantial majority of 419 against 171.

This followed a three-day's debate in which Premier Briand championed the government's attitude on the Silesian and other important foreign questions.

Premier Briand reiterated his confidence that the German Government would carry out its obligations. He declared again that France's policy was one of moderation and justice.

Restrictions On Orientals Increased

Entry of Chinese to Canada Made More Difficult.

Ottawa.—The bill to amend the Chinese Immigration Act was given a final reading without debate in the House of Commons. The bill increases restrictions on the entry of Chinese to Canada. Its main provision is one which abolishes certificates of identification for Chinese merchants and requires them to establish their bona fides to the satisfaction of the Canadian Controller of Immigration.

C.N. Station Dynamited.

Montreal. — Much damage was caused at Cushing on the Canadian National Railway about five miles north of Carillon, by the dynamiting of the station. It is believed that the outrage was an act of spite owing to the removal of the station facilities from one point to another. There were no persons on the premises at the time. No arrests have yet been made.

French Demobolize Married Men.

Paris.—The Government on a favorable report from the army staff in the Rhineland, ordered demobolization of the married men and supporters of families from class of 1919. The remaining forces are considered by the Governmeqt to be adequate for all contingencies likely to arise.

General Smuts Says League Of Nations Absolutely Essential

Capetown.—In a speech in the Assembly, General Jan Christian Smuts, premier of the Union of South Africa, warmly defended the League of Nations, making an earnest plea that the League be given a chance to show what it could do. "Do not let us fight the league of Nations," said Premier Smuts, "but let us fight the Supreme Council, which may be wrong."

General Smuts thought the council had not played the game by the League. Everything was in the melting pot, he said, and he considered the League absolutely essential. He saw no other hope for the future of the human race than that of an association of nations.

General Smuts who was a member of the Peace Conference Commission for the organization of the League of Nations added that he sincerely hoped the League would become a real high court from which justice and betterment of civilization would eminate for the working out of international harmony.

In the course of his speech, General Smuts referred to the question of Ireland as a matter domestic to the United Kingdom. The British Government, however, might desire to consult the Dominion Governments on this subject which would give them a chance to express their opinion.

As regards the Anglo-Japanese treaty, General Smuts said South Africa was apparently uninterested, but if he were asked to do so he was prepared to express his opinion on it as well as on the question of the Dominion navies.

The premier expressed the hope that the forthcoming Dominion conference would be successful in reaching an agreement on the matters affecting the empire, as such success would make for the success of the League of Nations and for the future government of the world.

Anti-Bolshevik Troops Advance on Nikolsk

Have Hoisted Old Russian Flag Near Vladivostok.

Tokio.—Advices from Siberia are to the effect that the forces formerly under the late General Kappel, the anti-Bolshevik leader, captured Nikolsk, two miles from Vladivostok, without bloodshed and hoisted the old Russian flag.

Spasskoe, on the Trans-Siberian Railway, about 75 miles north of Nikolsk, has also been occupied by the anti-Bolshevik troops.

In Tokio the reports regard the capture of these places as movements against the "Far Eastern" Republic, and assert that the fall of Vladivostok will occur shortly.

British Columbia Did Not Send Inferior Salmon

Fish Supplied During War Was The Choicest Packed.

Victoria, B.C.—Charges recently cabled from London by a special correspondent to a syndicate of newspapers on this continent that British Columbia "put one over" on England during the war when a gift of 25,000 cases of salmon was made which turned out to be so inferior that much of it had to be thrown away or fed to Germans, are being stoutly refuted by the Hon. Wm. Sloan, minister of mines and commissioner of fisheries.

"The 25,000 cases of salmon donated by British Columbia to the Imperial Government in the fall of 1914 consisted entirely of the choicest pink salmon packed in the province that year. No other species of salmon was included in the shipment. Before purchasing and shipment it was most carefully inspected by the most competent inspector and buyers for British firms in the province," said Hon. Mr. Sloan.

Greeks and Turks Both To Blame

Equally Guilty In Respect to Recent Atrocities.

Constantinople.—The allied committee which has been investigating Turkish charges of atrocities against the Greeks, in which it was asserted that the Greeks carried out wholesale massacres in the Yalova district of Asia Minor, has returned its report.

The report holds that the Greeks and Turks were equally to blame for the atrocities. The Turks had alleged that, the Greeks locked up Turkish families in their homes, poured oil on the buildings and set them on fire and also that the Greek soldiers assaulted Turkish women.

Legislative Council Threatens Strike.

Halifax.—The Evening Mail is authority for the statement that members of the Legislative Council, the second chamber in Nova Scotia's Parliament, have threatened to hold up the business of the session unless the increased indemnity from $700 to $1,500 in the case of members of the Legislature, and from $5,000 to $6,000 in the case of ministers, proposed in a bill now before the House, be made to apply to members of the Legislative Council.

Patrol Boat Makes Capture

Japanese Schooner Caught Sealing In Canadian Waters.

Prince Rupert—A Japanese schooner has been caught sealing in Canadian waters and engaged in fight by the steamer Malaspina, according to a report reaching here. The Malaspina, which left this port southbound, is said to have overhauled a Japanese schooner sealing. The report says that the Malaspina arrested the crew, captured 150 skins and then destroyed the schooner.

Vancouver.—The Malespina is the Canadian Government fisheries patrol boat. When she left Vancouver for the North, Major J. A. Motherwell, federal inspector of fisheries, was aboard.

Removes Colonel's Name.

London.—The removal of a colonel's name from the Order of the British Empire, has inspired the statement in the press that only five deletions have been made from the Order out of 25,000 appointments.

Our Next Governor-General.

Montreal.—A London cable to the Star says the Evening News states the Duke of Northumberland may consent to succeed the Duke of Devonshire as Governor-General of Canada.

Many Injured In Fire Which Destroys Dublin Custom House

Seven Civilians and One Auxiliary Killed In Catastrophe Alleged to be Work of Sinn Fein.

Dublin. — The Dublin Customs House is in ruins and all the most important documents of the Government relating to Ireland together with papers and records, the value of which cannot be estimated, have been destroyed. This, Dublin Castle officially announces, is the work of Sinn Fein forces, which made the most formidable attack against Government property that has been engineered since the present rebellion was started.

London.—The Irish office has issued the following official report on the Customs House fire at Dublin:

"Three tenders carrying auxiliary cadets and accompanied by an armored car approached the Dublin Customs House shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon. As they approached the building, a number of bombs were thrown at the tenders from the railway bridge, while revolver fire was opened on them from the windows of the Customs House, which was occupied by a large force of Sinn Feiners.

"The cadets dismounted under heavy fire and surrounded the Customs House which was seen to be burning. Fires from the auxiliaries and the machine gun on the armored car was poured into the windows of the Customs House, from which the rebels replied vigorously and a series of desperate conflicts followed between the crown forces and seven or eight parties of rebels who rushed from different doors of the building, making dashes and firing as they ran. The first party to emerge consisted of three men, one of whom was killed and the other two wounded.

"By this time smoke and flames were pouring from the building and the officer in charge, including many women, who had been held prisoners by the rebels, came flocking out with hands above their heads, waving white handkerchiefs. While the staff was making its exit, the rebels made a last sortie, this party consisting of six men, only one of whom escaped, the rest being killed or wounded.

"Some of the auxiliaries then stormed the blazing building where many of the rebels surrendered. Some of them were found to be saturated with petrol and several were probably burned to death before the crown forces entered.

"The firemen were held up at the fire station by rebels so that the fire engines did not arrive until 2 o'clock by which time the fire had taken hold of the entire building. At the conclusion of the fighting, dead and wounded rebels lay about on all sides of the building while the ground was strewn with broken glass and empty cartridge cases.

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The Canadian Power Farmer, formerly the Canadian Thresherman, is one of the oldest farm papers in Western Canada. Established in 1903, it has become one of the greatest forces for better farming and for better farm conditions. It does not preach. It suggests. It is managed and edited by men who have had practical farm experience, and who have closely and carefully studied and kept in touch with agriculture in the prairie provinces. It is

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Send in your subscription or renewal to us, stating that you want us to send you the Canadian Power Farmer, enclosing the money with the order.

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HOW DOES YOUR LABEL READ?

DRIVING IT HOME

If you were going to lay a strip of floor-oil-cloth you would use a tack hammer of course, and would drive the tack home every-time.

But if you were going to build a house would you use the tack-hammer to drive the nails with? No sir; you would use a regular pound and a half carpenter's ham mer to drive the nails home.

When they were putting in the foundation of your store, did they use a tack-hammer to drive the spikes in in to hold the sills? not on your life; they used a three-pound sledge hammer and drove those four inch spikes home every time.

Which way do you advertise—tack-hammer, carpenter's hammer or sledge hammer.

If you're advertising a dozen eggs or a lame turkey the tack-hammer ad. may do. If you're advertising a Ford the pound-and a-half hammer bushel of potatoes or a second-hand ad. may do the job. But if you are going to do real live store announcement work that will lay the foundation on which you can build safely not only for the present, but also for the future—then you must use the sledge-hammer advertising space and methods. Your advertising must be as big as the message you wish to drive home to your customers and prospective customers. In your advertising use a three-pound sledge-hammer with hickory handle and drive it home—Ex.

SOCIETY GOSSIP

Edited by the Office Cat

In view of the exodus of the fair sex into politics and various commercial activities, also the fact that women have recently acquired a more or less intricate knowledge of various games of chance, etc., we have employed a special editor for "Society Gossip" and have given this dignitary the pen name of "The Office Cat."

Mrs Comeleven entertained a number of ladies last Friday afternoon at a crap-shooting party. A noisy afternoon was spent, the hostess benefiting to the extent of 37 cents rake-off. Will the lady who went away with the bones please return same as they will be needed next Wednesday, this being Mrs Studpokah's receiving day.

Mr Peter Dawson was a visitor to our town last week-end. Although not as robust as usual, he still has some kick left.

It is rumored that a number of our prominent citizens contemplate hiring the New York National Baseball Team to represent our town at the forthcoming Sports Day. We admire the men as they are guaranteeing in the neighborhood of $7,000.00 in order to possibly win a $50 prize.

At Mrs Blurib's soiree last Monday Mr Shoelegger sang "Coming with the Rye" which was greatly appreciated by those present. It was unfortunate that so many of the gentlemen present had pressing business engagements shortly after this number, with the result that the party broke up much earlier then anticipated.

Mrs Kleanup will hold a bathing party at Bushy Lake next Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. towels and Sunlight soap will be provided by the hostess. Please bring your own snap.

Reading the advice to the love-lorn that is a feature of some papers, one would imagine that the author was some old maid who would give a week's salary for one good tight squeeze with trimmings.

To err is human and so is criticism.



New Life In The Old Home

Call in a good painter and put him to work. Now is the time to renew worn and faded surfaces on walls, doors, floors and furniture. And ask him to use *Glidden* paints, varnishes, enamels and stains to do the job.

He'll be glad to use them, for your painter knows there is *quality* in every can of *Glidden products*. Visit our store soon. We'll tell you how to increase the value of your home at small cost.

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"The Nearest Glidden Dealer"
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GLIDDEN
EVERYWHERE on EVERYTHING

BATTLE RIVER RIDING U.F.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from pag e one.)

The evening session was a crowded one when provincial president Mr H. W. Woods dealt with the topic of "The group system of government". In opening his remarks he said he had no hesitation in saying that such a thing must come to pass in the near future for the good of the nation as well as for the good of the individual.

Before concluding its session the convention pledged itself to support H. E. Spencer, of Edgerton, as their candidate in the next political contest for the

TIP BURN OF POTATOES

(Experimental Farm Notes)

A trouble which is widely distributed and every prevalent in some season, and to which the name "Tip Burn" has been given is to be found among our potato crops. This trouble takes the form of a gradual burning and drying-up of the leaves of the plants, often commencing at a comparatively early stage in their growth and, in many cases, if allowed to go on unchecked, slowly but surely involving the whole of the plants so that they die down a considerable time before the tubers are fully developed.

The appearance of this trouble in the fields is often mistaken by growers for Late Blight. There is, however, a marked distinction between the two, for Late Blight may commence by attacking any part of the plants—leaves and stems alike—has a dark, water-soaked appearance and, in its early stages, is damp to the touch, while Tip Burn invariably commences at the margin or tips of the leaves and has a decidedly dry appearance and touch with the exception of after rain. It also appears much earlier in the season than Late Blight has ever been recorded and does not cause the death of the plants so rapidly. Nor has it ever proven so destructive as Late Blight, Although evidene has been obtained that in seasons when it is severe and where no effort is made to check, a considerable reduction in the yield of marketable tubers, one to the premature death of the plants from this cause, may result.

Recent investigations lead to the belief that this burning of the leaves probably follows the depredation of sucking insects. These investigations are not yet complete, but enough evidence has been produced to serve as a warning to potato growers to keep these insect pests thoroughly under control in an endeavor to avoid Tip Burn.

We have found in our experimental work with potatoes that Bordeaux mixture will to a large extent control this trouble. In 1918, when it was extremely prevalent, we had several plots to which, for the purposes of experiment, Bordeaux mixture was not applied. These plots suffered from a severe attack of Tip Burn and the plants were all killed down by the second week in August, while other plots on the same land, and to which, for the control of Late Blight, Bordeaux mixture was regularly and thoroughly applied, suffered to a very slight extent only, the plants remaining green until frost came. Bordeaux mixture acts as a repellent to the Leaf Hopper, as well as a protection to the plants. Many other cases, in addition to that referred to, have come to our attention, bearing evidence that regular and thorough spraying with this mixture will reduce to a minimun the ravages of Tip Burn.

SUNFLOWER AS A SILAGE CROP

Much interest is being taken in Canada and the United States in the value of sunflowers as a silage crop, particularly in districts where corn is not a reliable crop.

The claim is made that sunflowers are a hardier crop than corn, withstanding both drouth and frost to a greater degree. Insofar a s the claims put forth for sunflowers as a food for cattle are virtually of recent origin, experiments and investigation regarding them are practically in an introductory stage. It is interest ing to note, however, that an analysis of sunflower silage fed at an Idaho agricultural experimental station indicated that it compared favorably with corn silage. In Canada also studies of the relative value of sunflowers and corn silage purposes suggest that in nutrition there is not any great difference, although corn is to be preferred where it can be plentifully and easily grown. Where this is not the case, sunflowers are an excellent substitute.

Federal seat in the Battle River riding, the nominee in a neat speech promising to do all in his power to carry out the wishes of his party if elected.

In opening his remarks, Mr. Woods congratulated the riding on the splendid convention they were holding and said that such proved conclusively the value of the work done in the riding during the past three years.

Organized Economic Group

He dealt briefly with the fundamental principles of his subject, also stating that the U.F.A. was a typical organized economic group. At the present time there were too many "class" organizations and that for his own party he had favored the word "group."

He desired that his hearers should fully recognize that the U.F.A. was only living up to its principles when dealing efficiently with social problems. At the present time there was really no real social group organization in existence although there had been military groups. The development of stabilized social groups had only just begun and his idea was to have the U. F. A. undertake the development of the finest social group extant, and be guided in this more or less by the requirements of civilization. Up to the present all ideals had been developed by false social laws but by proper analysis the work of the past would give a guide for the future.

The man efforts of man during his past progress showed that civilization was only just starting, because all the laws heretofore were those of animalism rather than those of civilized social-group life. This would now be work for the further development of their organization. The work of the future was to learn to use civilized ideas in accordance with natural social laws.

False and the True

There were two laws of life—the false and the true. The former was the law of competition; the latter that of co-operation. Competition was the law of force and destruction, and its results always proved this. Coperation was the only constructive force in the world. The real social system was on the basis of cooperation, while the primitive savage state was individualism—i.e. competition. These were destructive ethics, for the weak must always fall under the law of competition, and through the greed of this competition co-operative groups were forced upon us whereby the weak were enabled to band together to meet the aggressive competitor. The system was shown to have enlarged itself from a mere one up to the present ideas of natural co-operation. Germany showed this by the unit of strength which they placed in the field, for the organization of the war; this in turn being met by the unit formed by the rest of the nations of the world.

Commercial Supremacy

This competition must be put right out, and he thought this was quite possible because war itself would eventually destroy itself by co-operative features within itself. The war was only competition for commercial supremacy, and this had gone on in a national manner until even military cooperation was secondary in that instance. He dealt at length with the development of the two elements of competition today—the Canadian Manufacturers' association and the U. F. A. The organization of modern plants and factories had been the cause of the country being brought under the spirit of competition and this forced the formation of larger and still larger competitive bodies from which evolved the C. M. A. In this way the small factory was finally brought under the power of the big fellows. They then quite competing against each other and turned to fight the unorganized class—the farmers. It had been promised that this great wrong should be righted.

Basis For Right Living

The Canadian Manufacturers' association had itself proved that the basis for right living was the economic basis, and although no party could alter the facts as they were they could apply their own group system. It was a fact that through individualism the unorganized classes or masses represented 95 per cent. of the electorate, and yet these were dominated by the other five per cent. who were the monied classes; and it was also well proved that prices of numerous commodities had been raised to the masses by the manipulation of the knowledge of facts as they were. The common people of the latter class were drawn into controversies with the groups in power by prejudices and passions, and the groups were likened by the speaker to shifting sands, with no stability and no order. The C.M.A. had applied competition through the means of the tariff until the people had been driven into organized cooperation. The farming industry had been proved to be a failure until it was brought into a state of co-operation, and it was now organized upon the economic-class basis which was the true fundamental of equal rights, and he challenged his hearers to refute that statement.

Most Vital Interest

"Our most vital interest is our economic interest" he said, and this was the first great problem to be solved by their organization. It was as much a religious interest as an economic one, because mammon was as much an idol and a leader today as ever.

The principles of the U.F.A. were democratic, although it was pointed out that cooperation was only possible when each understood that democracies—i.e. laborer and farmer—cannot organize in one body at this time because the laborers were not organized in one big union as the farmers were but were rather split into smaller craft bodies. The only development possible was one whereby all democratic-thinking people could become one big family.

State of Hysteria

The speaker dealt very fully with the much-vaunted People's Party and termed this just a passing state of hysteria which was brought about by a dissolution of the big principles of cooperation. Right to this day the confusion raised thereby had never been overcome, for, so far, there had never been any re-building of the economic state which was the only stable basis. Even the U.F.A. was not in a truly complete state of economic stabilization yet, but he thought that by the development of this economic strength it would eventually be evolved.

He thought that political action which would prove efficient must follow economic action and could never lead it, because the solving of the problem would proceed from the mobilizing of economic strength. There was more responsibility upon the farming classes because they were the prime producers and the ultimate consumers. The line-up in the approaching conflict would be the two forces—plutocratic groups and autocratic groups. The first were the successful competitors who had gained their position by the operation of false laws while those who would wage the war against them would use the forces of cooperation. The real work of the future was the taking over of all the big business institutions and making them serve the common people. This would have to be developed by system and organization, and this work of development along cooperative lines must be started in the U.F.A. locals, and the principle worked up in stages to mass opinion; although civilization would never be saved by great leaders. The development of economic strength it was by the unit, and this had been well proved by the ten-fold strength evolved in this riding in the past three years.

Group Government

In answer to a question as to the manner in which a group government would function, Mr. Woods said that this was a matter which would have to work itself out, and when questioned as to his reason for not accepting a position on the grain enquiry board he stated that he had several reasons for not doing so, but his chief reason was that he did not know about its duties or functions and therefore thought it best not to do so.

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Stewart Administration

Promises AND Performs

Very little serious criticism has ever been levelled at the Stewart administration. This is because, in accordance with the eternal principles of Liberalism, it has dealt fairly and justly by the people. It has given uniformly good government of a constructive kind, unhampered by considerations of political exigency, and always with the view of public betterment. It has stood for the square deal for everybody in everything. Its record has with stood successfully and with flying colors the acid test of the keenest possible public criticism.

Alberta's Upward Progress

No greater tribute to the Alberta government could be paid than that offered by Mrs H. M. Edwards, of Macleod, president of the provincial council of women, who in the preface to the first and second editions of her book on "The legal status of women of Alberta," says that "the women of Alberta are more favored in regard to legal status than are those of any other province in Canada." Such a tribute might justly be applied to all classes in the province, for the legislative record of Alberta's Liberal governments has been one of consistently upward progress, many of the enactments placed on the statute books having been adopted by other progressive governmnts of Canada and elsewhere.

For Rural Districts

Although the needs of urban communities have been well looked after, the legislation enacted for the special benefit of the rural parts of the province ic of striking importance. The appropriation this year for roads, bridges, and ferrier is over two and one-quarter million dollars, making a total appropriation for that purpose in five years six and one-quarter million dollars. The province has been covered by a network of telephone lines, so that now even the most remote districts are in almost instant touch with populated centers. When unfavorable seasons were experienced in certain portions of the province, the government did not hesitate but paid out nearly one and one-quarter million dollars for seed grain, feed, and other relief. The "Cow Bill" has been wonderfully successful in enabling farmersin newer districts to secure cattle under government loans. Farmers are protected under another act from unscrupulous machinery and other con racts. A great deal of other and similar legislation might be mentioned. The government in all its dealings has recognized that the future development of the province rests largely with the agricultural, live stock, and dairy interests, and has endeavored to encourage them t o the full extent of its power.

In Interests of Women

Alberta women are especially favored. Alberta was the first province in Canada to grant equal provincial and municipal suffrage. A mother has equal rights with the father in their children. Married women have full ontrol of their own property. Women have a special interest in the "Exemption from Seizures Ordinance," which protects the family home from seizure under execution. A widow's interest in her husband's estate, despite provisions in a will to the contrary, is also protected. Other legislation has been enacted for women. What more could the government have done for them?

Helping Rural Schools

The educational facilities in Alberta are on a high plane. In order to promote the efficiency and encourage the permanency of rural school teachers, the government pays one-third of the cost of building and furnishing the teachers' home. Consolidated schools, where they are desired, are aided by government grants. Where consolidation is impossible or is not desired, three times the usual grant is made to two-room schools, so that educational facilities may be largely increased. The educational opportunity of the child in the country is now more nearly equal to that of the child in the town or the city, by reason of special legislation providing for high school education in the rural districts. The government believes in providing adequate educational facilities for even the most remote districts, so that the children of settlers miles from a railroad or settlements may have a fair start in life.

THE STEWART GOVERNMENT today stands behind an imposing record of legislation, created during the last fifteen years, that was truly met the needs of all classes of people in the province. The openingup of the great north country; the provincial guarantee of irrigation bonds; the guarantee of the bonds of drainage districts; the strong, systematic and successful effort to obtain wider markets for Alberta coal; legislation along practical lines directly affecting labor, including the workmen's compensation act; the gigantic strides in health legislation—all these stand monuments to the progressive policy of the government and prove at, at the result of the Liberal regime in this province,

Alberta Has the Most Beneficent and Far-Reaching Legislation of any Province in Canada.

NOTICE.—When visiting the Calgary Exhibition (June 30th to July 8th, 1921) do not fail to see the

FORDSON POWER FARMING DEMONSTRATION

BIGGEST DEMONSTRATION OF ITS KIND EVER HEL DIN THE WEST

Thirty-two Fordsons in operation; Threshing Grain, Filling Silo, Baling Straw, Grinding Feed, Sawing Wood, Hauling all kinds of Farm Machinery Running Line Shaft, and Pumping Water and Operating Cream Separator, Churn, Grindstone, Washing Machine and various other operations.

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Teaming and Draying of All Kinds

GARDENS PLOWED and HARROWED

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REFRIGERATORS

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THE MOST PRESSING NEED THIS HOT WEATHER

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SHIP YOUR CREAM TO US AND GET HIGHEST PRICES

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YOUR OPPORTUNITY

OUR SPECIALS THIS WEEK.

JUST ARRIVED: A CAR OF FIVE ROSES FLOUR

CEREALS AND FEED PRICES REASONABLE

REAL VALUES ON:

Bulk ground Coffee

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No Sum Too Small

We cordially invite small deposits and will gladly extend every service in crediting such sums to your account. We welcome deposits of even $1.00 a week, which, with interest at 3% compounded semi-annually, totals $280.26 in five years.

Copy of our brochure "The Result of Making Weekly Deposits," free on request

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Wainwright Branch, G. C. Siddall, Manager

CLEAN UP THE GROUNDS AFTER YOUR PICNIC

One great advantage of being the owner of an automobile lies in the fact that one may, with very little trouble and at the expense of a few hours, have a picnic, quite frequently during the summer months. Not a few motorists forget that they owe a duty to the community after the picnic is over and before they return to town.

The great fault found with motorists who picnic along the side of the road and in public and semi-public parks is that they fail to clean up the debris after they have had their fun.

"Park you car anywhere you wish, but clean up the litter afterwards."

This advice ought to be posted, according to thoughtful motorists at many points along the country roads, and especially at the hundreds of pleasant little vantage points where family motoring parties are in the habit of stopping for lunch. A cool and inviting bit of shade, a spring by the roadside, or a sightly spot overlooking a sheet of water—these are the places sought in summer by the touring parties, and when the ideal bit of ground has been reached out come the food hampers and the sandwiches, and all too frequently the scraps of wax paper and the ice cream boxes and the other essentials that mother has been thoughtful enough to put in are left lying about to be scattered by the wind or trampled into the ground. One of the pleasantest things about the motor picnic is to find the lunching place scrupulously clean and one of the most disappointing is to find it untidy. Could not every party make it a point to clean up after the repast, and so have things in tidy shape for the next? To do this, says a writer in Country Life, would remove what is called one of the motorists gravest disregards for his fellow men."

We are going, says the writer, nowhere in particular, just touring along until we come to an inviting spot where we will have luncheon. An ideal spot for a picnic. So we park the car, unload the baskets and open the boxes or baskets and tins of potted ham or tongue. Seating ourselves on newspapers spread on the ground for that purpose, we regale ourselves.

Lunch takes up quite a bit of time, and suddenly father announces that if we want to drive any more that afternoon we must start at once. So hastily we pack the baskets and drive off. Do we stop to gather up the remains of the food and scraps of paper, the empty tins and bottles? In nine cases out of ten—we do not. We have had our fun,—what do we care for the others who are to come? Probably we don't give a thought to these others.

But what about public property—the edges of the public highways? Take a trip into the country in the vicinity of any big city any Sunday during the summer. You will see innumerable cars parked by the roadside while their occupants eat lunch alongside under the open sky. Then go over the same road the following day and see the nasty mess the picnickers have left behind—a souvenir of their passing. And here these souvenirs remain for many a day until kindly nature obliterates them.

Why should this be? Have we no conscience? Is it right for us, having enjoyed the unspoiled beauty of some vista, to soil that view for others who may come later? Is it asking too much to give in return for a day's pleasure a few minutes of our time to gather up the debris and burn it?

The average motorist is a high minded, patriotic citizen, careful of the rights of others in most matters. Yet so far as cleaning up is concerned, he apparently lacks a conscience.

And the remedy lies not in legislation. No amount of passing of laws will cope with the situation. All the police efforts of the Dominion would be utterly inadequate to enforce properly a statute against littering up the countryside. No, the remedy lies elsewhere. It lies with the automobile clubs and associations throughout the country, through their members, to institute a campaign to eliminate the evil. But most of all it's up to you and me. It's up to us to pledge ourselves to clean up on our motor trip and to point out to all our motoring friends the error of their ways. Then, and only then, can we hope to eridicate this evil, the greatest blot on the motorists escutcheon.

BACK EAST FOR YOUR HOLIDAYS

TRAVEL

Canadian National Railways

ALL RAIL or LAKE and RAIL

TO

TORONTO HAMILTON
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QUEBEC HALIFAX

and other Eastern Canada and United States points.

CHOICE OF ROUTES

EXELLENT SERVICE

ANY AGENT

Canadian National Railways will assist you in arranging details, quote lowest fares, make reservations, etc.

The Province of Alberta Offers

THE FOLLOWING INVESTMENTS:

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Dated May 1, 1921; Maturing May 1, 1931
Price $98.16
and accrued Interest from May 1, 1921
YIELD 6.25
Denominations: $100, $500, $1,000

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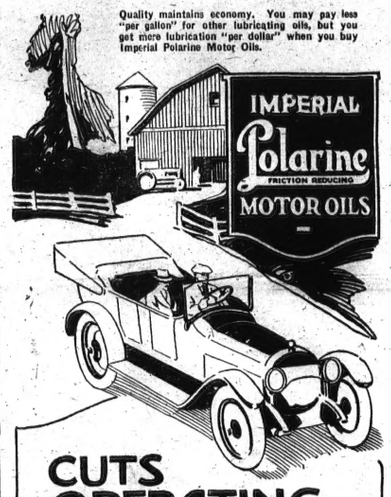
These Bonds may also be purchased through your local Bank, or from any recognised Bond House in the Province of Alberta.

Address all communications to the Deputy Provincial Treasurer

HON. C. R. MITCHELL, Provincial Treasurer

W. V. NEWSON, Deputy Provincial Treasurer, Parliament Buildings, Edmonton, Alta.

Quality maintains economy. You may pay less "per gallon" for other lubricating oils, but you get more lubrication "per dollar" when you buy Imperial Polarine Motor Oils.



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THE economy of using Imperial Polarine Motor Oils extends over practically every item of motor operation.

The lubrication afforded at every friction point and the gas-tight pisten-to-cylinder seal means a big saving in fuel bills and a noticeable increase of power.

Through perfect protection of all motor parts, undue repair bills are avoided and depreciation is greatly reduced. By using Imperial Polarine Motor Oils you can save dollars this year on maintenance alone. Besides, you realize more profit and greater usefulness from your car.

Always use the grade of Imperial Polarine recommended on our Charts for your type of motor. See Charts at your dealer's or write to 56 Church Street, Toronto, for a copy of our interesting booklet, "Automotive Lubrication," which contains the complete Chart of Recommendations.

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BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

WE GIVE IMPERIAL Polarine MAKES A GOOD CAR BETTER CRANK-CASE SERVICE

For a Clean, Efficient Motor

Dealers displaying this sign will thoroughly clean the old oil and the grit and the dirt out of your crank-case; will flush your motor crank-case with Imperial Flushing Oil and refill it with fresh lubricating oil. Your crank-case should be cleaned every 1,000 miles or less. It means more economy and more satisfaction to employ Imperial Polarine Crank-Case Cleaning Service.

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FIRST-CLASS TRAVELLERS' ACCOMMODATION.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS RATES REASONABLE
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can be filled here to your entire satisfaction, for we carry a pleasing variety of the very best brands.

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Our service is courteous. our delivery prompt, our prices fair. Try us.

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THE HOUSE OF SERVICE.

PHONE 18 PHONE 18

Who and What Are We?

Is there such a person as a Canadian?

The Government of Canada says there is not. According to the official records there is not one Canadian among the eight or nine million inhabitants of this Dominion. Neither the Premier of Canada, nor any one of the Premiers of the nine Provinces, is a Canadian. They may have been born in Canada, and their parents and grandparents before them, but that makes no difference—they are not Canadians. The Government of Canada says so, and has instructed its army of census officials to record the amazing fact.

Readers of the above may be skeptical of the truth of these assertions, but a little quiet inquiry and investigation on their part will soon establish the correctness of the statements made.

Commencing on June 1st the work of taking the decennial census of Canada was begun and enumerators began visiting the homes of the Dominion armed with official forms and pencil in hand asking questions of all and sundry as to their names, age, place of birth, nationality, etc. Coming to the question of nationality, a man or woman born in Canada, very naturally reply that they are Canadians. But Mr. Census-taker retorts that they are not. They may be anything else, but they most assuredly are not Canadians. When these patriotic sons or daughters of Canada insist they are Canadians, first, last and all the time, and nothing else, the faithful servant of the Government of Canada is forced to explain to them that there are no Canadians; the Government does not recognize them at all in the official tabulation of the nationality of the residents of the Dominion.

Mr. Census-taker will then ask: "Where was your father born?" "In Canada," comes the reply. "Where was your mother born?" Again the answer is, "In Canada." "Well, they are not Canadians either," is the dictum. And then Mr. Census-taker will explain that Canada is not a nation and, therefore, there can be no Canadian nationality. He may then ask: "Were your grandparents, or possibly your great-grandparents, Irish?" The ordinary Canadian resident may retort: "What has that got to do with it; Ireland is not a nation. It is even less a nation than Canada. Canada enjoys not only full self-government, but it is a member of the League of Nations on a basis of entire equality with all other nations, which Ireland is not."

The logical force of such an answer is, however, entirely lost upon the Government of Canada. Residents of this Dominion may be classified as Irish, or Scotch, or Welsh, or Hottentot, or Chinese, or Turks—anything almost but Canadian, even though it is necessary to go back prior to the days of Jacques Cartier to find out some remote ancestor born outside the boundaries of the Dominion in order to fix some nationality upon native-born Canadians.

This is not a far-fetched description, because the writer has personal knowledge of an instance where a Canadian-born citizen informed the census enumerator that he had no knowledge of any ancestors but those whose place of birth was Canada, and who was, therefore, recorded by the enumerator as "Nationality unknown."

Yet our politicians and statesmen boast of Canada as a nation. In rounded periods and with great eloquence they dwell upon this Dominion's place among the nations, and the prominent part it plays in the councils of the League of Nations. On all sides exhortations are heard of our duty to Canadianize our new settlers from "foreign" lands. The Canadianizing of all peoples within our bounds is urged as a foremost Canadian duty and responsibility. Yet when the children of these "New Canadians" proudly say: "I am a Canadian," the Government of Canada officially tells them they are mistaken; they are Germans, or Russians, or Poles, or Austrians, or Italians, but they are not Canadians and never can be, nor can their children or children's children ever be throughout the ages yet to come.

Pick up the official census returns for all past decades and see if you can find that there is a Canadian living in Canada.

Is it not high time that this obsolete, antiquated classification of bygone years be discarded. Has the time not come when a person born in Canada has a right to be classified as a Canadian and not be compelled to accept official designation of some other nationality which he will never accept for himself personally?

What is the sense of preaching Canadianism and seeking to create and develop a Canadian national sentiment, Canadian art, Canadian literature, a true and lasting pride in Canada and Canadian institutions, if for all time the world is to be officially informed through the publications of the Canadian Government that such a person as a Canadian is non-existent, that this Dominion is still an infant colony of little or no importance inhabited for the time being by English, Scotch, Irish, Welsh, American, German, Austrian, Russian and other peoples?

Canada talking of having its own Minister at Washington, sitting in the councils of the League of Nations, taking its full part in the Great World War, and yet denying to its own native-born sons and daughters the right to the name Canadian presents an anomoly that should be removed. The Ottawa Government had better bestir itself and place itself and the official records of this Dominion in line with real Canadian sentiment and aspirations.

Fur Sealing Industry is Growing

B.C. Indians Expect to Capture 2,000 Seal This Year.

Pelagic sealing in British Columbia and Alaskan waters at one time was woven around with all the romance of adventure, wealth and international strife. Then, through the greed and indiscriminate methods of slaughter practiced by the sealers and a lack of international understanding upon the question of conservation, the industry fell off, the seals all but disappeared and their capture became illegal. Today fur sealing has "come back" and on the west coast of Vancouver Island alone the Indians this summer are expected to capture 2,000 fur seals. Last year the waters of the west coast of Washington produced 1,200 animals. The British Columbia skins are taken to Clayoquot, where they are salted before being shipped to England.

Canadian Pulpwood For Holland.

According to report, a large contract has been closed for the export of pulpwood from Canada to Holland, shipments to be made monthly at the rate of 600,000 cords per annum. The entire contract is for 6,000,000 cords, spread over a number of years.

A dull minister in the pulpit is a sore trial, but the soprano in the choir is apt to be a soarer.

Two Canadians On Lord Byng's Staff

One English and One Canadian Appointment Still to be Made.

Lord and Lady Byng of Vimy and their entourage will sail for Canada on August 4 to take up their vice-regal duties. The installation will take place at Quebec according to arrangements made by Thomas Mulvey, under secretary of state, after communicating with Lord Byng. After a day in Quebec the party will proceed to Ottawa.

A precedent which will probably meet with Canadian approval has been established by Lord Byng in the appointment of his staff. Of five appointments two are to be Canadian. One, that of Willis O'Connor, of Ottawa, to be aide-de-camp, has already been made. Of the others, three are announced as Hon. Willian Joliffe, eldest son of Lord Hylton, aide-de-camp; Capt. Edward Green, comptroller of the household, and Col. Oswald Balfour, military secretary. One Canadian and one English appointment are still to be made.

Lady Mary Byng and Lady Elizabeth Byng will spend the winter at Rideau Hall.

"Er-r—I want some sort of a present for a young lady."

"Sweetheart or sister?"

"Er-r—why, she hasn't said yet which she'll be."—Houston Post.

A Gift from Nature's Storehouse

The delicious, crisp granules of the wheat and barley food

Grape-Nuts

contain all the natural up-building values of the grains, including mineral salts so essential to health

A food equally well suited to the requirements of young and old

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Sold by grocers everywhere

Aviation In The West

Forty Planes in Operation in Prairie Provinces.

Edmonton will be the headquarters for the government's aviation inspection work in the four western provinces, according to A. G. Goulding, western representative of the Canada Air Board, who has just returned from a several weeks' trip to the Pacific coast. As an illustration of what progress the air-flying game is making in the west, it is stated that 40 planes are now in operation between the Great Lakes and the Pacific.

Boom In Manitoba Homestead Lands

Government Lands' Offices Are Being Besieged With Applicants.

The removal of the restriction reserving all vacant government lands within fifteen miles of a railroad for soldier settlement has caused a boom in homestead settlement, and Government Lands' Offices are being besieged with applicants. Since May 1st nearly two hundred entries for homesteads have been made at the Winnipeg district office, the majority of prospective homesteaders being British and American.

Corns cripple the feet and make walking a torture, yet sure relief in the shape of Holloway's Corn Remover is within reach of all.

Manitoba Stock For Chicago Show

Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine Will Go to International.

One carload of horses, two of cattle and one of sheep and swine will be sent to the International Livestock Show in Chicago from Manitoba. This was decided at a meeting of the executive of the Manitoba Stock Breeders' Association. About twenty-five prominent breeders were present. The final selection for the exhibit will be made at the Brandon provincial fair.

Canada's Copper Production

Practically Entire Output For 1920 Was In British Columbia.

Copper production in Canada is less affected by the price slump in that metal than is the United States, according to figures of producers. Canadian production today, it is claimed, is fifty-two per cent. of the 1920 total and forty per cent. of 1917. In the United States, it is pointed out, production is only twenty per cent. that of 1920 and 14½ per cent. of 1917. In 1920 Canada produced 4,600,000 pounds of copper and practically the entire production was in British Columbia.

According to H. S. Munro, general manager of the Granby Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company, his company at Anyox, British Columbia, had in May the biggest month in their history, the copper production amounting to 90,000 pounds.

Carrier Pigeons On Long Flight

Twelve Flying From Edmonton to San Antonio, Texas.

To participate in the longest flight of its kind ever attempted either on this continent or in Europe, 12 homing pigeons reached Edmonton from San Antonio, Texas, and on the market square opposite the post office, His Worship Mayor Duggan released the birds for their long flight to San Antonio, an air line distance of over 1,800 miles.

The event will be watched with close interest on this continent, and in little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Moise Cadotte, Makamik, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best remedy in the world for little ones. My baby suffered terribly from indigestion and vomiting, but the Tablets soon set her right and now she is in perfect health." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Alberta Wool Clip.

Southern Alberta sheep ranchers received about $400,000 for their wool clip last year. The total consignments passing through the Southern Alberta Wool Growers' Association aggregated 1,465,844 pounds, for which an average price of 28.83 cents net was obtained.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

Manitoba Housing Loan.

A quarter of a million dollars from the provincial housing loan was turned over to the Winnipeg civic housing commission, and an additional $250,000 likely will be available for city home building within a short time, Mayor Parnell announced. The grant will bring the total available for building construction up to $1,000,000.

Breaking Land For Next Year.

One of the most pleasing features of farming operations in the North Battleford district is the enormous area of new breaking. This is particularly noticeable in the Medstead and Meeting Lake district where dozens of Canadian Pacific Railway land buyers are busy with big outfits preparing for next year.

Except for the word "obey" the average groom wouldn't know that he was at his own wedding.

"Your Teeth"

By Rea Proctor McGee, M.D., D.D.S., Editor of Oral Hygiene.

TOOTHACHE

Copyright, 1921, by Rea Proctor McGee.

One of the most peculiar things about toothache is that in three out of four cases the tooth that seems to ache is innocent.

The teeth seem to act like a large family of children. When one of them raises Cain he blames it on the other.

So don't be surprised—when you go to the dentist and confidently tell him that the tooth upon which your finger is resting is the one that is causing the trouble—to have him make a few tests and tell you that it is another tooth, probably far distant from the one that you suspect.

There are so many different forms of toothache that each person probably has a different experience from anyone else. There are even times when it is very difficult really to say that the pain that is being suffered is a toothache, although almost everyone thinks that there would be no difficulty whatever in recognizing this particular form of pain.

In addition to pain directly about the teeth, an aching tooth can cause pain in the ear, or in the eye, or almost any form of headache, facial neuralgia or pains in the neck or arm—and there have been cases on record in which practically all pain of an aching tooth was felt in the sole of the foot.

The evil result of an aching tooth is not so much the pain inflicted on the patient at the time as it is the harm done to the general system by the absorption of pus from the infected root of the tooth.

It is quite true that not all aching teeth are abscessed, because the slightest exposure of the pulp will result in sharp pain.

But this exposure is bound to result in the death of the pulp, and so will have the following in the train of this pain the certainty of infection, which means absorption. There are other cases in which the pulp is not exposed, but, from some form of irritation—such as a tooth being bitten upon too hard, or being exposed unnaturally to extremes of heat and cold, or being ground down for crowns or bridges—the irritation will sometimes cause the pulp to die.

When the pulp dies it immediately begins decomposition.

This causes the formation of gas—which in turn makes very high pressure upon the nerve filaments that supply the pulp—and this pressure is carried back over the main branch of the fifth nerve where it may be relayed to many parts of the body, so that from the reflex pressure at the tip of the root of a tooth you can have pain in almost any part of the body.

This is in addition to the evils and the pains that result from the actual absorption either of pus or of pus products.

An aching tooth is not only uncomfortable, but it is also very dangerous.

IS THERE A BABY IN YOUR HOME?

Is there a baby or young children in your home? If there is you should not be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. Childhood ailments come quickly and means should always be at hand to promptly fight them. Baby's Own Tablets are the ideal home remedy. They regulate the bowels; sweeten the stomach; banish constipation and indigestion break up colds and simple fevers—in fact they relieve all the minor ills of

New El Dorado in B.C.

Hopes of discovery of a new El Dorado in Northern British Columbia are held by a group of experienced mining men, who, it is understood, are financing an expedition into the Cassiar district. Stuart Henderson, a well-known lawyer and promoter, is said to be at the head of the enterprise.

Famous German U-Bout is Sunk.

The German super submarine Deutschland, which in 1916 slipped into Baltimore harbor from Germany, after daringly running the gauntlet of British and French cruisers, was sunk by gunfire during target practice off the French coast.

France Gets Big Zeppelin.

The dirigible balloon, Nordstern, built in Germany, has been delivered to France under the stipulations of the Versailles peace treaty. The dirigible is one of the largest Zeppelins ever built and only recently was completed on Lake Constance.

An Odd Insurance Policy.

One of the oddest insurance policies on record was that of a man who insured himself at Lloyd's against the consequences of laying violent hands on his mother-in-law.

A CORDIAL INVITATION TO DISEASE

This is an apt description of Constipation. It's an unnatural condition to begin with—but it's dangerous because it leads to indigestion, fills the system with poisons, brings on anaemia. You don't need a purgative, you don't want to weaken the system by a harsh gripping medicine—what you need is mild natural stimulant to the bowels. You get just what you need in Dr. Hamilton's Pills which tone up the liver, restore the bowels to perfect action and positively end constipation. You'll feel tip top after regulating your system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Good for young and old—a real family medicine. 25c all dealers or The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Shipping Matches to England.

The first shipment of match splints from Pembroke, Ont., consisting of 520 million undipped matches, left for England recently on the Empress of Britain. A Canadian company was organized a year ago as an offshoot of the parent organization in England and match splint machinery installed, following the discovery and acquisition of suitable timber limits on the Ottawa River.

Heart Weak, Nerves Shattered After the "Flu."

In a large majority of cases those who survived the last epidemic of Spanish influenza were left with weak hearts, shattered nerves, impoverished blood, and the whole system has been left in such a general weakened and exhausted condition that it has been impossible to get back your old health and strength.

If you are in this condition there is only one thing to do; take a course of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and see how quickly your heart will be strengthened, your nerves toned up and your blood enriched.

Mrs. W. W. Pearce, 14 Seaton St., Toronto, Ont., writes: "I was left with a weak heart and in a rundown condition from the 'flu.' My nerves were badly shattered, and I had such pains in my heart I could not sleep much at night. I took several doctors medicines without getting any better. My husband got me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after I took one box I got relief; after taking six boxes have been well and not bothered since."

Price 50c a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont

Wear Your Clothes Longer

Buy Bully Beef and Dodge the Cost of High Living.

Retailers seem to have the best just now of the discussion as to the cost of living.

Butchers state and seem to be able to prove their case that many consumers who are objecting to the high prices of meat, refuse to consider any but the choicest cuts, so that the canny housewife gets the pick of most desirable meats, though not the most aristocratic joints, and feeds her household at almost pre-war prices.

It is noted by many provisioners that a good demand is coming up for corned beef in cans. The "bully beef" of the soldier, this wholesome and economical meat is selling in large quantities. Perhaps soldiers are lonesome for it! Despite this revived interest in cooked corned beef, it is far as yet from its pre-war sales.

Commenting on published statements of the cost of living, a well-known old country provisioner recently claimed that comparisons of prices were most misleading.

For instance even though sirloin steaks, formerly selling at 30c now fetch 50c, this does not increase the cost of living by 66 per cent. to the person who buys, as the latter is now sold at about pre-war prices. Moreover, adds this high authority, the same applies to many other items.

Take clothing for example, even if a suit costs 30 per cent. more, this does not increase the necessary expenditure 50 per cent. of one who is satisfied to wear his clothes longer.

In other words, at the present time, it is possible to live on much lower costs than the published figures of comparative prices would indicate.

So eat "Bully Beef," wear your old clothes and beat the cost of high living.

Multiplex Phones For Alberta.

The Alberta Government Telephones has made arrangements for the installation of a carrier current system of multiplex telephony, sometimes colloquially referred to as "wired wireless," to operate between Calgary and Edmonton. This system will be the first commercial installation of its kind in this country.

A national bird is the eagle—with the stork a close second.

CRAMPS, CRAMPS, CRAMPS!

How To Stop Them Quick

When you have cramps, it is a mighty quick relief that you want. Good Old "Nerviline" is sure as death to relieve cramps in a hurry. Just a few drops in sweetened water, and the pain is gone. Buy a bottle of trusty old Nerviline to-day and keep it handy. Nerviline is a common household necessity, and is so useful in case of sudden illness at night, or when cramps, nauseau, diarrhoea, vomiting or the like occurs. Sold everywhere in large 35 cent bottles.

When It Is "Too Warm To Eat"

BY LORETTO C. LYNCH

An Acknowledged Expert in All Matters Pertaining to Household Management.

Many physicians will tell you that patients who have gone along fairly well all winter complain of feeling rundown in the fall of the year after a summer that has, perhaps, even included several weeks' vacation.

"It's too warm to eat," remarked a mother to me one warm day last summer. "Youngsters eat scarcely anything for breakfast and care for very little the rest of the day. They always feel so rundown after a warm spell" I'm just glad to see the cool days come on again, for the kiddies always fatten up during the cool days and feel so much better."

It must be admitted that we desire less food in hot weather than we do in cool weather. But the processes of life go on just the same in summer as they do in winter. Children have need of the food that makes for growth and development and adults have need for food which shall repair the tissues worn out by just living—breathing, or by the more strenuous job of bathing in the ocean, or playing tennis, or working in the office a little more strenuously because "so many are off on vacation.

It is, therefore, up to the mother of the family who has the welfare of her family at heart to see to it that the members of the family get nourishing meals at regular intervals in summer just as in winter. True, the quantity of food served may be reduced. The type of food, too, may be altered somewhat. For instance, a dish of fresh sugared peaches or pineapple or berries is a better choice for dessert on a torrid day than the mince pie of Christmas time.

Again, it must be remembered that fat in some form is necessary in the diet. Even in the tropics, where a low diet of rice is used, fat, if only a little, in some form has to be added in order to maintain health.

Mutton stew, with its generous fat, is not an appropriate dish for a warm day's midday meal. A salad made of tuna fish and salmon, combined with crisp celery and served on leaves of lettuce, would be a better choice. If the fish seems dry, serve a little mayonnaise with it. Mayonnaise is fat in a readily digested form.

A salad, to be at its best, should be served ice cold. A near cold and warm salad is often pushed aside by a hot, fagged-out worker when the ice cold one would, perhaps, be promptly eaten.

Another hint to those who foolishly give up eating or practically do so during the summer is—have hot food at least once a day, even in summer. Warm food has the effect of stimulating the stomach and making it ready for the foods that follow. In other words, warm food assists in the digestion of other foods.

In this respect I was able to follow up a little boy last summer who was losing flesh too rapidly because he did not care to eat the food set before him. His mother served him with presentable food, but because of the great heat she served everything cold. After she was persuaded to give him a small cup of hot consomme before luncheon, it was remarkable to see how willingly the little fellow ate the rest of the food that he did not seem to care for before.

Business girls who do not think enough along health lines are apt to substitute the ice cream soda as soon as the days grow warm for the warm, nourishing little luncheon they chose during the colder days. If you must have ice or an ice, take it at the end of the meal, even if that meal consists of but a couple of bread and butter sandwiches.

Meals need not be elaborate nor take hours to prepare. But, don't fall into the error of giving up eating just because warm weather has come in. Cut down on the fats, such as butter, oil, fat of meat, cream, which give heat, but don't cut them out.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

Alberta "Baby" Industry Growing.

One of Alberta's "baby" industries, the Alberta Clay Products Company, has been making a very successful showing. While only in existence a few years, this company is competing with and securing contracts from many larger and older firms. This year their plant is running to capacity, and a considerable number of carload orders have been shipped.

Better Roads Advocated.

A great drive for better roads is likely to be made by the Women's Institutes of Canada in the near future, arising from the replies of women in all parts of rural Canada, stating that bad roads and lack of household conveniences are the greatest drawbacks in the life of the country woman. This was brought out in a report before the Federated Institutes convention at Edmonton.

Happy Thought.

Mr. Newlywed (attempting to start car).—This darned self-starter won't work, there's a short circuit somewhere.

Mrs. Newlywed.—Well, why don't you lengthen it, dear?—Life.

Mr. Herbert Osborn Tells How Cuticura Healed His Wife



"My wife began to be troubled with itching and burning of the palms of her hands and the soles of her feet. Later the skin cracked and became inflamed, making walking or even standing very painful and preventing sleep at night. Later it became necessary to bandage both hands and feet.

"She was treated but obtained no relief. She saw an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. She bought more and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment she was healed." (Signed) Herbert Osborn, 135 Sherbrooke Ave., Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 2, 1919.

Cuticura is ideal for every-day toilet uses. Soap to cleanse and purify. Ointment to soothe and heal.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Japs Buy B. C. Lumber

To Rebuild Part of Tokio Destroyed By Fire.

The Japanese Government has just purchased from six million to six million five hundred thousand feet of British Columbia lumber. The major portion of this lumber will be required for the rebuilding of a large part of Tokio, recently destroyed by fire.

To Extend Irrigation

B.C. Government Is Advancing Funds For Work.

The Provincial Government is advancing $225,000 from the conservation fund for construction of irrigation works at Grand Forks, B.C. The money spent will be repayable to the government, and the cost of the work will be charged on the land benefitted, and will not increase the burden on taxpayers in other parts of the province.

Ladies Remove Their Corns In a Very Simple Way

No pain, no trouble, costs only a quarter. It is a very simple thing to paint on a small application of good old "Putnam's" night and morning. To remove corns, to get entirely free from them, use Putnam's Corn & Wart Extractor. It is guaranteed, 25c at all dealers. Refuse a substitute.

To Reclaim Rich Soil Area.

Two parties will survey the Carrot River triangle, looking into the reclamation of 800,000 acres of rich agricultural land adjoining The Pas, according to G. S. Horsey, of the Reclamation Branch of the Department of the Interior. This area periodically floods from the waters of the Saskatchewan River, rendering it unfit for permanent farming. It is a wide, open expanse, and said to be one of the richest soil areas in Western Canada.

When a man attempts to speak in public for the first time the audience makes him nervous—but later on he makes the audience nervous.

Sensible People

in all walks of life have for a long time used Beecham's Pills, which enjoy great popularity. They are reliable and contribute to the maintenance of health. When you suffer from indigestion, biliousness or constipation

USE

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere In Canada. In boxes, 25c., 50c.

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World

MONEY ORDERS

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, $3 per box; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO. TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)



BOOK ON DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author H. CLAY GLOVER CO. INC. 118 West 31st Street, New York, U.S.A.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

ASPIRIN

"Bayer" is only Genuine

BAYER

BAYER

OK

Warning! It's criminal to take a chance on any substitute for genuine "Bayer" Tablets of Aspirin," prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Conference Of Premiers Favor Close Relations With United States

London.—In a speech at a sitting of the Conference of Premiers, the proceedings of which were confidential, Premier Meighen is understood to have strongly stressed the view that only with the fullest autonomy for all the component parts of the Empire can the whole survive and prosper, and to have again emphasized the desirability of close relationship with the United States. He is also understood to have been warmly supported by Premier Smuts, of South Africa, and also, to some extent, by others in the conference. Indeed, one of the outstanding features of the conference is its unanimity in the belief that friendship with the United States must remain a cardinal principle of British foreign policy.

The sessions of the first week of the conference have made it clear that whatever British statesmen may have thought or said in days gone by, there is not now the slightest indication of any desire on their part to minimize or interfere with progress of dominion autonomy. The round table group which flourished a few years ago, and whose designs were so suspected in the dominions, is no longer a factor in British political thinking.

Its leaders, mostly brilliant young Englishmen of high ideals, and abstract theories, have either repented their views or lost the ear of the country, and it is extremely doubtful whether they command the slightest support even of the most imperialistic sections of the press and Parliament. Their place has been taken by a more influential and practical set of thinkers devoted to the study of imperial questions and basing their actions upon the firm belief that only with the fullest autonomy for all the component parts of the Empire can the Empire as a whole survive and prosper.

Date Set For Alberta Election

Premier Stewart Makes Announcement and Issues Manifesto.

Edmonton.—Writs are issued calling for a provincial election in Alberta to be held on Monday, July 18, with nominations one week earlier, on Monday, July 11.

This announcement was made by Premier Stewart after full consultation with the other members of the executive council. The official manifesto to the electors of the province was also given out by the Premier outlining the reason for the holding of an election and the policies upon which the Government appeals to the province for support.

Sixty-one provincial constituencies will be involved in the election, provision having been made at the last session of the legislature for five members each at large for Edmonton and Calgary, instead of three members as formerly. Medicine Hat, was given two members instead of one.

The last Legislature consisted of 58 members, including two seats for soldiers' representatives at large, these being abolished under the amendments of last session.

Instead of being deferred as in previous elections the northern constituencies of Peace River and Athabasca will vote on the same day as the remainder of the province this time.

Members of Crew Are Held.

Newport News.—Two members of the crew of the United States steamer Eastside are being held by the department of justice operatives in connection with the finding of nearly 500 machine guns hidden aboard her while she was at New York. The steamer has sailed for Dublin.

Bandits Attempt To Kill French General

Commander of Army in East Has Narrow Escape.

Damascus, Syria.—An attempt was made to assassinate General Gouraud, commander of the French army in the East, as he was travelling in an automobile from Damascus to the Sea of Galilee in Northern Palestine. The assault was committed by bandits. The General was uninjured but had a narrow escape, a bullet passing through his left sleeve.

The Governor of Damascus, who was with him in the automobile, was slightly wounded.

The bandits had disguised themselves as gendarmes.

The general was made the object of a sympathetic demonstration upon his return to Damascus.

Albania Appeals To League of Nations

Ask for Public Hearing of Grievances Against Greece.

Geneva.—The first case in which the competency of the League of Nations in international differences is questioned, has arisen in connection with Albania's demand that Greece and Jugo Slavia evacuate Albania territory.

The Albanian delegation here has filed a memorandum with the league in which the Albanians reiterate their grievances against Greece and Jugo Slavia and ask for a public hearing on them. Efforts are being made by the Greek and Jugo Slav representatives to take the case out of the hands of the league and have it settled by the Council of Ambassadors on the ground that the ambassadors already have occupied themselves with these questions and are better able than the Council of the League of Nations to deal with them.

Denounce Sinn Feiners

Addresses Given at Meeting of Irish Colonial in Toronto.

Toronto.—A meeting was held in Cook's Presbyterian Church here to celebrate the opening of the Ulster Parliament and a number of addresses were given denouncing the Sinn Fein in the United States as propagandists whose aim was to create friction between America and Great Britain to destroy civilization.

Rev. Dr. McFadden, president of the Ulster Society of Pittsburg, said that the bulk of the people of the United States 'are heart and soul with you in the belief that the Sinn Fein in the United States have absolutely no right to interfere in the affairs of Great Britain or attempt as they are doing to break up the peace of the world."

Chinese Provinces Hostile

Canton.—Hostilities have broken out between the provinces of Kwantung and Kwangsi, in Southern China. The Kwangsi forces began the fighting by firing the first gun in the Ling Shan district. British ships are submitting to search in the west river at Canton through the co-operation of army and customs officials.

Canadian Cattle Sales In England.

Ottawa.—A cable from London, England, received by the livestock branch of the department of agriculture, states that there is a fair demand for Canadian cattle in the Old Country. Quotations on June 21 were:—Best Canadian and American ox hides, 14 and 14½ pence per pound.

Brilliant Scene Marks The Opening Of Ulster Parliament

King George Makes Plea For Peace Between Two Branches of Irish Race.

Belfast.—The opening of the Northern Parliament by the King, who was accompanied by Queen Mary, was carried out with all the pageantry and ceremony with which formal actions of British sovereigns are surrounded. The King himself wore the uniform of an admiral, with the blue sash of the Order of the Garter across his breast, while the Queen, who looked extremely pale and nervous, was in white satin, without any insignia of her rank. But a string of pearls was about her neck and large clusters of diamonds and emeralds shone from her collar and brooch.

A real modern note was struck by the King's speech, which he read in a strong, clear voice, emphasizing the points which he wished to impress on the audience. His plea for peace and conciliation between the two branches of the Irish race fell on welcome ears, for in no part of Ireland is peace more desired than in Ulster, where business has suffered greatly by the strife throughout the country and by the Sinn Fein boycott of Ulster goods.

During the delivery of the King's speech the whole audience remained standing, with eyes fixed on Their Majesties in golden chairs. Prior to this, prayers were said by the Primate of Ireland, Anglican, the Presbyterian moderator and the senior Methodist minister, thus all the religions represented in the Parliament were recognized.

The Nationalists and Sinn Feiners confined themselves to refraining from all participation in the ceremonies.

The King and Queen re-embarked on the royal yacht, receiving a noisy greeting from the shipyard workers.

The King conferred honors on a number of prominent Belfast men. Baron Pirrie was created a Viscount, and Lord Mayor Coates, a baronet. Robert Blair, managing director of the Belfast Telegraph and Trevor Henderson, director of the Belfast News, received knighthoods.

This May Mean Cheaper Money

Ottawa.—News of the reduction in the Bank of England discount rate to 6 per cent. was received with interest by the financial officials here. The Minister of Finance had no comment to make on the reduction, but it was pointed out by an official that banking interests were more directly concerned. Another official stated that as London was the gold market for the world, the Bank of England acted as a barometer in the supply available. Cheaper money would result from the reduction.

U. S. Would Welcome Canadian Envoy

Appointment Will be to Interest of Both Nations.

New York.—The United States will be pleased to see a Canadian minister at Washington says the Tribune commenting on reported statements before the Imperial Conference.

"The new Canadian minister will apparently be a member of the diplomatic corps on the same footing as the ministers from other American or European states," the Tribune says, and concludes: "Whatever the nature of the changes in Canada's external relations, the United States would be pleased to see a Canadian minister in Washington and a United States minister at Ottawa. We have the same broad interests and the same world point of view as our northern neighbors. It is to the interest of both nations that they should be brought into still closer economic and political co-operation."

Denounces Handling Of Immigrants

Director of Protective Association Says System Is Wrong.

Ottawa—Denunciation of the system of handling immigrants arriving in Canada was again made by Abbe Philippe Casgrain, director of the Immigration Protective Association here. The abbe cited instances where whole families have been deported and returned to the Old Country where they have no homes now to go to, and where they must start life again under worse conditions than ever, having wasted their savings in a useless and expensive voyage.

The abbe suggested that some way should be devised of officially examining immigrants in the Old Country.

Interest Shown In British Census

Statisticians Believe Population Has Grown Despite War Losses.

London.—Statisticians are looking forward with unusual interest to the returns of the British census and wondering what the war has really done to the British Isles. They believe the population has grown appreciably despite war losses, largely because emigration was checked by the war.

The first British census was taken in 1801 and has been repeated every ten years since then. This is, therefore, the thirteenth census of British Isles. Over 38,000 enumerators are engaged.

Settlers For B. C. Will Be Selected

Choicest Lands In Province Offered As Inducement.

Victoria.—Hand picked settlers are to be brought to British Columbia in large numbers to fill up the vacant lands in northern and central parts of the province, according to plans just completed by owners of large areas, it is stated. Most of the owners of these lands are in England.

Some of the choicest lands in British Columbia will be offered settlers, who will be given their choice of locating in the Bulkley or Nechako valleys, or in the Vanderhoof, Prince George and Lillooet districts.

Canadian Coal Sent To France

Ships Unable to Obtain Coal From British Ports.

London.—Ten steamers have delivered cargoes of Canadian coal at Cherbourg, France, according to the correspondent of the Times. This coal, the correspondent says, is being used to bunker ships which are unable to obtain fuel in British ports owing to the miners' strike.

People Give Haig Ancestral Home.

London.—Bemersyde, near Melrose, Scotland, the ancestral home of Field Marshal Earl Haig, and from which he takes a part of his title, has been purchased by public subscription and has been formerly handed over to him. His Lordship, in a moving letter of thanks, said: "An old dream of mine rather than a hope has been realized in this gift."

Ulster Parliaments Adjourn.

Belfast.—Both houses of the Ulster Parliament have adjourned until September 20. The senate, before adjournement, nominated six members, including a peer and a laborite, to the council of all Ireland, to be established under the Home Rule Bill.

Opens Irish Parliament



King George V., who, accompanied by Queen Mary, visited Belfast, and delivered a message to the Irish people.

Active Immigration Work Is Delayed

Settlers Will Not Be Brought In By Western Canada Colonization Association Until The Provinces Pass The Desired Land Listing Legislation. Preparatory Work Will Continue.

At a conference between the Eastern and Western Directors of the Western Canada Colonization Association it was decided that the successful functioning of the Association depends upon the working out of a joint land settlement plan under which the efforts of the Federal and Provincial Governments will be effectively co-ordinated. Nothing short of such a plan will afford this Association a real basis upon which to carry out the vital national undertaking for which it was created. It is felt that the organization would be unwise to expend a large amount of money in securing high-class settlers only to find the lands increased in price on their arrival. It is realized that all promises and statements made to intending settlers must be fully carried out.

Until these suggestions are given effect so that there will be a reasonable assurance of results in actual land settlement, the directors do not feel justified in authorizing the expenditure of privately subscribed money which would necessarily be involved in a first year's programme. The obligations of the Association to voluntary financial supporters of this movement are such that it must not spend funds generously donated until the pathway of effective colonization is reasonably clear.

In the interval which must elapse before the proposals can be put into effect the Association will continue to press for the co-ordination and legislation necessary, and endeavor to complete the full subscription list of $1,500.00. The directors hope that the Federal Government will be represented at a proposed conference of Western Premiers and that as a result a uniform plant will be put into operation which will solve the unoccupied land problem and enable the Association to get to work.

Before leaving for Vancouver the Managing Director, Major-General A. D. McRae, C.B., made a brief statement to the press, in the course of which he said:—

"I agree with the decision unanimously reached by the Eastern and Western Directors after the most serious consideration of all the circumstances. I am very proud of the splendid support which I have received from the members of the Board, particularly in regard to my land listing plan. In their view, as in mine, the legislation asked from the three Prairie Provinces is absolutely necessary to success. This or similar legislation must be put into effect before the unoccupied land problem is solved. The participation of the Federal Government is most essential. During the interval the association, of course, will have no need for the services of a Managing Director in charge of actual colonization work. Although retiring from my connection with the Association I have agreed to assist in pressing for the proposed legislation before the coming conference of Western Premiers. Knowing something of past immigration movements to the prairies I make bold to say that if given the proper basis to start on the Western Canada Colonization Association has within it the power to greatly assist the Governments in the colonization of our unoccupied lands."

Allies Offer To Mediate.

Athens.—The Allied diplomats presented a joint note to the Greek Government offering mediation in the Greco-Turkish conflict. The diplomats declined to make known the text of their note.

Scots Beat Vancouver.

Vancouver.—The Scottish professional soccer team defeated Vancouver amateurs 3 to 0 in a return match.

W. N. U. 1374

Expect Visit From Marshals Haig and Foch

Ottawa.—With the strong possibility of having Field Marshal Earl Haig and Marshal Foch present for a unity conference and pageant of ex-service men in Canada next September, the annual convention of the Great War Veterans' Association will likely be postponed till that time.

The convention was to have opened at Port Arthur, Ont., on July 4, but this, coupled with other important developments, has prompted the proposal for a postponement with the hope that the September gathering will bring together a more representative gathering, including delegates from other veterans' organizations.

U. S. Airmen Killed

Planes Collide in Bombing Raid on Old Battleship.

Washington.—Two of the leading fliers of the United States army air service, Captain Howard T. Douglas and Lieut. M. J. Plumb, were drowned in Chesapeake Bay after a collision of their planes in the course of a bombing raid directed at the hulk of the old battleship San Marios off Tangier Island.

American Inquiry Will Assist Canada

Investigation of Agricultural Conditions Valuable to Canadian Interests.

Washington.—The special commission of House and Senate, headed by Representative Sydney Anderson, of Minnesota, which will make a broad investigation of agricultural conditions with a view to recommending emergency and permanent agricultural legislation, will include in its task a study of Canadian agricultural conditions and legislation. The commission will probably not visit Canada, but will assemble such data as can be obtained through the Department of Commerce. All foreign markets for agricultural produce will be explored and thus the findings will be of value to Canadian as well as United States agricultural interests.

Drowned On Journey To Oil Fields

Outfit of Bayes Brothers Capsized on Hay River.

Peace River, Alta.—The long journey to the Fort Norman oil fields has at last begun to take its toll of human life, according to reports just reaching here on the arrival of the steamer D. A. Thomas. The reports were received by passengers connecting with the lower river boats at the Chutes, and are very meager in detail.

Three Bayes brothers left here about April 20 last, bound for Fort Norman via Vermilion and the upper Hay River. As near as can be learned, two of the brothers were drowned, while the third succeeded in making shore with the aid of the upturned canoe. Further rumors have it that another man accompanying them was also drowned.

All of the party were good river men. They had reached a point of the lower Hay River below the Alexandra Falls and where the balance of the journey to Great Slave Lake should have been less hazardous than on the upper portion of the river. In some way not yet learned but while in swift water, their outfit capsized with the above-stated results.

The two brothers drowned were married men, and left their families at Carcajou Point, where they had previously lived.

The Thomas also brought the news of the drowning between Fort Vermilion and the Chutes of a man named Wiggins, who, with three others, was floating downstream to their camp at Spruce Point, half way between Vermilion and the Chutes.

Australia Better Buyer Than States.

London.—Premier Hughes, of Australia, in a speech here said that in 1920 Britain's colonies purchased £180,000,000 worth of British goods. On a per capita basis an Australian, as a customer, was worth to Britain £18. American purchases from Britain in 1920 amounted to 14 shillings per capita.

Elevator at Duval Burned.

Regina, Sask.—The elevator of the Maple Leaf Milling Company at Duval, Sask., was completely destroyed by fire and several freight cars burned to their steel frames. The cause is unknown.

Flin Flon Discoverer Dies.

The Pas, Man.—Isadore Dion, one of the six original prospectors who discovered the Flin Flon mine, died here. Dion disposed of his interest in the mine for $25,000.

Fire At Fort William.

Fort William.—Fire of an unknown origin destroyed one of the loading towers at the Canadian National coal dock, Port Arthur. The loss is estimated at $15,000.

Old-Time Yarns in the West

By O-GE-MAS-ES (Little Clerk).

(Copyrighted)

(Continued)

The furs were untouched, being wrapped up in canvas, but half of a beautiful cow buffalo robe and half a rabbit skin robe were eaten. Never mind, I was too pleased to see the dogs again, so rewarded the boy handsomely and returned to Fairford in great style next day, the dogs in as good a humor as myself; and then I promised never again would we admit a stranger to our ranks.

When Chief Factor Archie McDonald ordered me to take charge of the Fairford Post, his instructions were to complete the new master's house as soon as possible. Then I was to remove everything of value in the old fort and burn the buildings, which had been up for many years. I was rather curious to know the why and wherefore as to burning the place, so asked him his reason. "Oh," was his reply, "there are some fool stories current at Fairford as to them being haunted, for some bloody rows took place there in the old drinking days."

Well, I reached Fairford all right and took possession of the place. I put an extra man or two on the new building and after settling down began making a few cautious inquiries as to what shape (if any) the spooks were supposed to take. Very little satisfaction was given me, but I noted that Indians and the usual hangers on did not like to be near or in the post after dark.

This establishment was built in the usual way in the form of a quadrangle and surrounded with a wall of hewed timber, at one end of the square the master's house and on each side various store houses, while the front was shut with the wall and large gates. The native men's houses stood at some distance away outside the enclosure. I and my cook, a Lewis man named Malcolm, were the only occupants of the fort at night; not though the only ones, as I always had my four famous dogs, Herbd, Nero, Moro and Hero, who, if anyone touched me, would have had a bad time of it, as they were exceedingly fierce if set on to any person or animal. I forgot to mention that a platform of heavy sawn planks ran all round the square and most of these were old and rotten so one had to be careful in stepping for they would tip up and come down with a bang.

One evening, when the place was all quiet, Malcolm came in from the kitchen and I saw by his embarrassed manner that there was something on his mind. "Well, sir, master," and that was as far as he could get. However, I encouraged him, and bit by bit the truth came out. He wanted to go and sleep in the men's houses, and on asking his reasons, he said he kept hearing noises at night and also felt things moving, though he could see nothing. He hated to go and leave me alone, but he could not sleep the way things were going on. I finally told him he could go, and after his departure made a careful inspection of the whole premises and saw that all gates were closed and barred. Then, calling my dogs into the hall, I overhauled an old shot gun and loaded it heavily with powder and plenty of wadding, as I thought some attempt might be made through the night to scare me off the premises.

My room was at the front of the house, the window overlooking the square. This I left partly raised but pulled down the blind. Then, placing the gun handy, I blew out the candle and went to bed, the time being near midnight. Just as I was falling asleep I heard a heavy tramping noise coming round the square on the platforms, and I was out of bed like a flash, cocked my gun, and waited developments. The heavy tramping came right on past my window but there was nothing visible, though the night was light enough to see the other buildings plainly. It may have been imagination, but as the noise passed the window I thought I could detect a draught of cold air. Well it is no use disguising the fact that I felt creepy, but just then I thought of my dogs. The noise in the meantime had stopped, so I waited quietly for a repetition, and this came in a few minutes. The same heavy tramping started apparently close to the main fort entrance, then along past the Pemican store, then turning and coming right in front of my window. With that I threw the front door open and set the dogs on it. Out they went with furious growls, and back they came again, hair bristling up, and evidently cowed, as they retreated into the corner and would make no response when I urged them out again. Again, as I had followed them out, I could see nothing, but this time distinctly felt a cold draught air pass. The dogs either felt or saw something that scared them, and it may be the brute creation is more sensitive to non-visible aura's or whatever name it or they might be called than the human kind, or his civilization dulled our perceptive faculties.

It was several weeks before the new residence was ready for occupancy, and during this time I constantly heard the same heavy tramplings and other noises, and there was no doubt the dogs were affected, as generally they were joyous creatures always ready to sport or play with me. However, as no ill-effects occurred, I became used to the racket and yet was glad enough after vacating the premises to put a torch to the old fort.

During the same winter a mysterious light accompanied me for some hours on Lake Manitoba, which by its presence, affected my fearless dogs in the same way, but this I have described fully in a former article, entitled Indian Witchcraft.

Automobile Price Reductions Of Western Interest

All-Canadian Car Proves Itself.—New Rock Levels Anticipate Quantity Reduction.

Western Canada development depends so much upon the extended use of motor cars that recent price reductions interest someone in practically every family in the West. That, for instance, of the new Overland to less than a thousand dollars at the Toronto factory is of wide importance.

New rock-bottom levels were calculated to be necessary if a complete return to normal conditions was to be accomplished. In the case of the company making the car cited, normal conditions involve factory production on a large scale.

This quantity production was attained last year. It will be remembered that when the Overland Company introduced the Model Four, the radical departure in spring suspension was looked upon as a marked development in light car construction. Much was, therefore, expected of this all-Canadian car. It has now had a year's proving by thousands of Canadian owners, who bought it for its appearance and its quite evident engine efficiency and comfort. They have found it also possessed of unexpectedly great stamina and economy. Getting 25 to 30 miles to the gallon of gasoline appears to be the average experience of owners—some reporting even 35 miles. Ten to fourteen thousand miles with a single set of tires is also common, so that the all-Canadian car has thoroughly proved itself, perhaps nowhere more than in Western Canada.

The 1921 car has many improvements and according to Willys-Overland officials, they expect a demand sufficient to keep the factories busy right along. In fact, it is stated that it is upon this expectation that they have based their new prices. Reports from both Winnipeg and Regina branches of this company show a marked stimulation in business during the very first month of the reductions.

Lord Curzon Makes An Unexpected Attack On League of Nations

London.—An unexpected attack was made on the covenant of the League of Nations in the House of Lords by Lord Curzon, secretary of state for foreign affairs. He declared that many existing international difficulties were due to the Allies having taken the wrong turning in the making of peace and he uttered a strong appeal for the United States' utmost co-operation with the Allies.

The foreign secretary, in the course of a general discussion on mandates admitted that parliament was entitled to more information, but he said this was a subject involved in obscurity. The language of the covenant was such that not even a trained lawyer knew what it meant.

Lord Curzon was inclined to think there was a mistake in policy when the Allies met in Paris in their extreme desire to get the League of Nations on the international statute book. They rushed almost with precipitation, he said, to discuss questions which it now was seen would better have been solved by being postponed. He could not help holding the opinion that if, instead of taking up better regulation of world, they had at the close of the war endeavored to secure the peace of the world as it then was and "we should have been much further advanced in the conditions of peace than we now are."

Building Time
is
Hardware Time

Full Line of Shelf & Heavy Hardware

S. R. Bowerman
THE HARDWARE MAN

LOCAL NOTES

BORN—To Mr and Mrs Tom Sheridan, at the Rosholt maternity home on Sunday last, a daughter.

* * *

BORN—To Mr and Mrs Hans Pflager on June 26th, a daughter.

* * *

Miss Ella McArthur of Kisbey, Sask., is spending the summer holidays with her sister Mrs Dr Wiley.

* * *

Mrs J. Whittle with her daughter G. Ranicar who were holidaying with relatives in Minneapolis returned home last week end.

* * *

Mr W. F. Swinton, of Edmonton, was a guest at the farm home of Mrs Frank Stott.

* * *

Mr Gerald Hodgins left on Friday night to spend an extended visit at his old home in Ottawa.

* * *

The date of the U. F. A. convention to nominate a candidate for the provincial election in this riding is set for Thursday, July 7th.

* * *

The people of Gilt Edge wish to announce their annual picnic to be held at the school house on Wednesday July 6th. Everybody come and have a good time. The fair starts at 1.30 p.m. Big feed to follow.

* * *

It is said that apples may be kept two years by wrapping them in newspapers so as to exclude the air. The newspaper must however, be one on which the subscription is paid in full, or the dampness resulting from the "due" will cause the fruit to spoil. —Ex.

Crops in the district are now in need of a drenching shower of rain. As yet there is no apparent damage, but the recent excessive heat will soon dry up the young crop if relief does not arrive soon.

* * *

Mr R. Woods was away to the city for a short stay.

* * *

Last week end Messrs N. S. Kenny and H. Y. Pawling took a business trip to the city.

* * *

W. E. Zinkan returned home to Edmonton on Saturday, having completed his surveying duties in this district.

* * *

During the warm summermonths the services at St Thomas' church will be somewhat curtailed consistent with reverence in worship.

* * *

Mr R. Aykroyd, spent a few days in Edmonton last week on business.

* * *

Great benefit is being derived from the half-holiday movement. Last Wednesday saw the town practically deserted and the lakesides crowded.

* * *

Messrs S. and R. Plaxton, from Gilt Edge, left town last week for Kansas, where we regret to say their mother is very sick. We hope for better tidings.

* * *

Mr Bud Cotton has now his dandy little cottage on Sixth avenue all completed and ready for occupancy.

* * *

We are hearing big things of the finny tribe at the lakes these days. Maybe some of these speckled beauties will get to town yet.

* * *

Mr and Mrs M. B. McLeod, have now returned home to the Dawson farm.

Rubber Soled Running Shoes All kinds

WHAT'S YOUR NEED NOW ?

Peanut Sraw Hats for Men at 45c. each

If it's anything in Dry goods or Footwear that you need, in all probability you will find it at this store, and it will be of a quality that we are willing to stand behind, and at prices low enough to tempt anyone.

PLAY SUITS for the little fellow's combination style, pants waists, and pull-over sweaters made of Heavy Cotton Jersey cloth; tan or navy, cool, comfortable and good style, will give good wear; another price is right Complete suit.
$1.90

Special in Ladies AFTER DINNER FROCKS, No two alike, price up to $10.00; All on Sale at one price to Clear
$4.98

CHILDREN'S WHITE CANVAS SANDALS, RUBBER SOLES; Selling For
$1.30

Women's CANVAS PUMPS or MARY JANES, Medium heel; Sizes 4 to 7. On Sale.
$2.49

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SPECIAL
D. & A., La Diva & Goddess Corsets

We have just placed in stock another large shipment of the above famous lines; all of the newer models will be found here. Also Chidrens' Percale Waists & Girls' Corset Waists

LADIES' UNDERVEST SPECIAL

We are selling a dandy UNDERVEST for LADIES, in sizes 36 to 40. Friday and Saturday special at each. . . .
35c.

and Entire Satisfaction

Canvas Shoe Snap for this Week
Women's HIGH TOP WHITE CANVAS SHOES; Size 4 to 7, French heels. Extra Special
$2.98

We still have a few pair of HIGH TOP CANVAS BOOTS, French heel @
$2.98

Boys SHIRTS and SHIRT-WAISTS in fancy stripes and plain colors; size 1 to 14 years, regular to $1.35 Out they go at
$98c. each

Balance of our Girls and Children's CANVAS SHOES and SLIPPERS at Reduced prices.

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"Better Lumber For Home-Building"

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THE YARD WITH A CONSCIENCE
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On account of the R. C. church picnic and the Gilt Edge picnic being planned for the same day July 6th, the R.C. church has postponed theirs until Wednesday July 20th.

* * *

We are glad to know that Mr C. Bedgwell, who has been very ill is now recovering nicely.

* * *

Mrs O. Liddle of Ribstone has been visiting Mrs Cousins of town for a short stay.

* * *

Two more camps have opened at Clear Lake Mossrs Dad Turner and B. N. Fraser having installed their families there for the season. The latter is building an addition to his cottage.

* * *

After a pleasant trip to Calgary for a couple of weeks, Mr C. Brine returned home last week end.

* * *

Mr J. W. Wyatt, of Irma, has been gazetted as returning officer of Wainwright constituency for the forthcoming provincial elections.

* * *

At a special meting of the U. F. W. A. held last Saturday, Mesdames Morton, J. Church and Patterson were the members delegated to the U. F. A. political convention on July 7th.

* * *

Wainwright U. F. A. Gala Day Picnic at Normandin's Lake on July 13th. Everybody welcome. Bring your basket.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

FOR SALE—Good Shack and Lot on Third avenue; $400, ½ cash balance as rent—Apply J. Alderman, Box 83, Town 13-7p

Principal W. T. Suckling spent the first few days of this week in the city on business.

* * *

Messrs P. Dewar and H. P. May were visitors to the city on Sunday's train.

* * *

Now that the school examinations are completed the kiddies are all out to enjoy their summer vacation which will extend to September 1st.

* * *

Dr H. C. Wallace was a tripper to Edmonton on Monday morning's train on business.

* * *

Mr T. Saul of Chauvin was a business visitor to the city and stayed over here on Monday.

* * *

Mr J. T. Ross, deputy minister, of the Dept of Edmonton, was in town on Monday on business.

* * *

Quite a number from this district are prepating to visit the big exhibition at Calgary all next week.

* * *

We are glad to note that Mr. H. V. Fieldhouse, who was away to the city on account of eye trouble, returned home on Monday last greatly improved.

Mr C. R. Morrison, who for the past ten years has been managing editor of The Edmonton Journal, and who is well-known to our readers as having had the ownership of The Star for some years will assume his new position as managing director of The Bulletin, on July 1st Congratulations are sure in order.

* * *

Owing to little Mona Priestley having developed chicken pox, the Methodist parsonage is under quarantine these days, and the Rev. N. F. is enjoying (?) a "grass widower" existence.

* * *

The Annual Garden Party will be held at the home of Mrs John Patterson, Greenshields, Alta on July 7th from 3 to 9 o'clock. Tea and refreshments will be served. Every body come and have a good time.

* * *

Half-a-million dollars is involved in the heavy-weight championship of the world which will be fought for on Saturday next in New Jersey.

* * *

Mr and Mrs F. W. Fish, are making arrangements to move out to their summer camp at Clear Lake next week end.

* * *

By a typographical error in our last issue Major Strachan, of Chauvin, was announced as "Major Strong". We regret the mistake and only hope that it may prove prophetic of his victory at the polls.

BUILD RIGHT

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